



Industrial Router Ultra Series

UR75

User Guide



Safety Precautions

Milesight will not shoulder responsibility for any loss or damage resulting from not following the instructions of this operating guide.

- ❖ The device must not be disassembled or remodeled in any way.
- ❖ To avoid risk of fire and electric shock, do keep the product away from rain and moisture before installation.
- ❖ Do not place the device where the temperature or humidity is below/above the operating range.
- ❖ The device must never be subjected to drops, shocks or impacts.
- ❖ Make sure the device is firmly fixed when installing.
- ❖ Make sure the plug is firmly inserted into the power socket.
- ❖ Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable, detach them by holding the connectors.

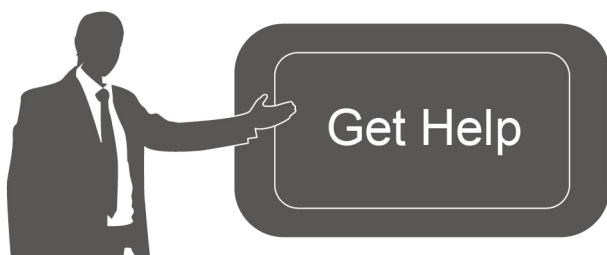
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Declaration of Conformity

UR75 is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of the CE and RoHS.



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Revision History

Date	Doc Version	Description
Nov. 25, 2022	V 3.0	Initial version based on hardware 3.x
Jan. 17, 2023	V 3.1	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Web GUI Design Change2. Add LT2P and PPTP VPN client feature3. Add VLAN feature4. Add HTTPS certificate import feature
Apr. 20, 2024	V 3.2	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Add Node-RED, DDNS, IP Passthrough, SMS, SNMP feature2. Rename Modbus Master as Modbus Client3. Support customized cellular MTU, IMS and SMS center number4. Add NAT option on WAN and cellular interfaces5. Support to customize AT debug command6. Support hard reset

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Chapter 1 Product Introduction

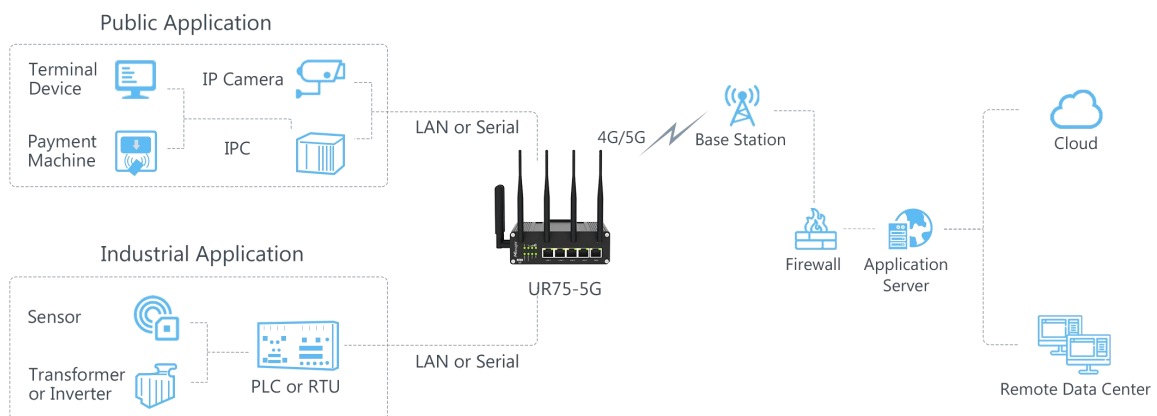
1.1 Overview

UR75 is an industrial cellular router with embedded intelligent software features that are designed for multifarious M2M/IoT applications. Upgraded to the latest cellular technology - 5G, the UR75 makes it possible to enjoy ultra-fast broadband access with a 5G cellular network.

Adopting high-performance and low-power consumption industrial grade CPU and wireless module, the UR75 is capable of providing a wire-speed network with low power consumption and an ultra-small package to ensure an extremely safe and reliable connection to the wireless network.

Meanwhile, the UR75 also supports Gigabit Ethernet ports, serial ports (RS232/RS485) and I/O (input/output), which enables you to scale up M2M application by combining data and video in a limited time and budget.

The UR75 is particularly ideal for smart grids, digital media installations, industrial automation, telemetry equipment, medical device, digital factory, finance, payment device, environment protection, water conservancy and so on.



1.2 Advantages

Ultra Fast Connectivity

- Industrial-grade quad-core CPU ARM Cortex-A55 with big memory, providing high performance for data transmission
- Global 5G (NSA/SA)/4G LTE network with dual SIM cards for backup between multiple carrier networks
- Dual carrier aggregation (2CC CA) is supported in the 5G Sub-6GHz, enabling wider signal coverage with superb download speed up to 4.67 Gbps
- Plug& play, supply lightning transmission via Gigabit Ethernet ports or USB Type-C interface

- Support Wi-Fi 6, allows 2.4G & 5G dual band concurrent connections up to 1.8 Gbps download speed

Security & Reliability

- Automated failover/failback backup via Ethernet, Cellular (dual SIM) and Wi-Fi
- Secure transmission with VPN tunnels like IPsec/OpenVPN
- Embedded with hardware watchdog to automatically recover from various failures, ensuring the highest level of availability
- Equipped with multiple security protection measures such as ACL, DMZ, SYN-Flood protection, and data filtering to ensure that the network is secured
- Support policy routing and NAT for more secure intranet access

Easy Maintenance

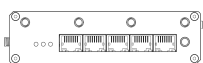
- Milesight DeviceHub provides easy setup, mass configuration, and centralized management of remote devices
- The user-friendly web interface design and several upgrade options help administrator to manage the device easily
- Support multilevel user authorities for security management
- Fast and user-friendly programming by Node-RED development tool

Industrial-Grade Design

- Wide operating temperature range from -30°C to 60°C and industrial design for harsh environments
- Rugged enclosure with IP30 protection, optimized for DIN rail or shelf mounting.
- Equipped with I/O, serial port, and GPS for industrial transmission applications
- 3-year warranty included

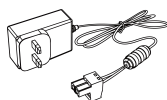
Chapter 2 Hardware Introduction

2.1 Packing List



1 x

UR75 Device

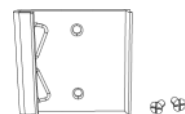


1 x

Power Adapter



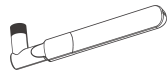
1 x 8-Pin Pluggable
Terminal



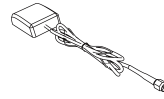
1 x DIN Rail Kit



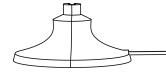
4 × Stubby Cellular Antennas



4 × Stubby Wi-Fi Antennas (Wi-Fi Version only)



1 × GPS Antenna



Antenna Magnetic Mounts (Optional)



1 × Quick Guide

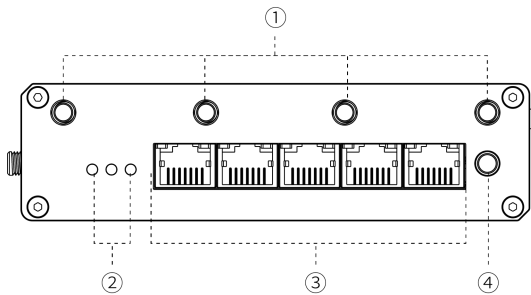


1 × Warranty Card

! If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact your sales representative.

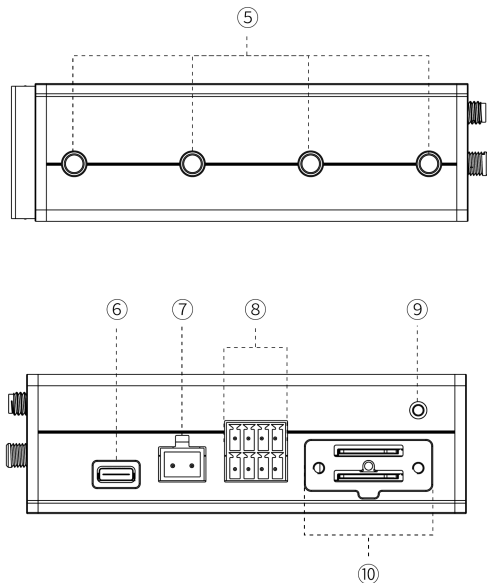
2.2 Hardware Overview

A. Front Panel



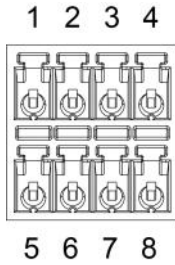
- ① Wi-Fi Antenna Connectors (Wi-Fi Version Only)
- ② LED Indicator Area
SYSTEM: Power & Status Indicator
SIM 1 & SIM 2: SIM Status Indicator
- ③ Ethernet Ports & Indicators
- ④ GPS Antenna Connector

B. Left & Right Side Panel

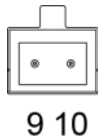


- ⑤ Cellular Antenna Connectors
- ⑥ USB Type-C Port
- ⑦ Power Connector
- ⑧ Serial Ports & I/O Ports
- ⑨ Grounding Stud
- ⑩ SIM slots and Reset Button

2.3 Serial & IO & Power Pinouts



PIN	RS232	RS485	DI	DO	Description
1	---	---	IN	---	Digital Input
2	GND	---	GND	---	Ground
3	---	B	---	---	Data -
4	TXD	---	---	---	Transmit Data
5	---	---	---	COM	Common Ground
6	---	---	---	OUT	Digital Output
7	---	A	---	---	Data +
8	RXD	---	---	---	Receive Data

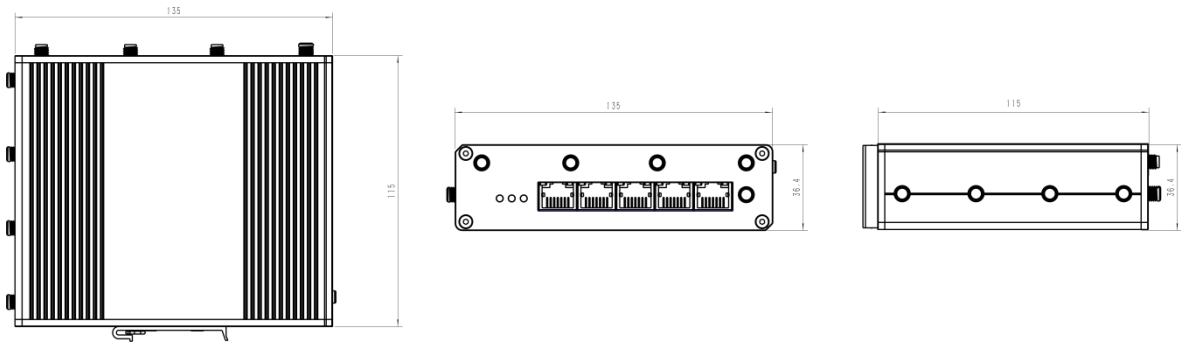


PIN	Description	Wire Color
9	Positive	Red
10	Negative	Black

2.4 LED Indicators

LED	Indication	Status	Description
SYSTEM	Power & System Status	Off	The power is switched off
		Orange	Static: The system is booting
		Green	Static: The system is running properly
		Red	Static: The system goes wrong
SIM1/SI M2	Cellular & Signal Status	Off	SIM card is registering or fails to register (or there are no SIM cards inserted)
		Green	Blinking rapidly: SIM card has been registered and is dialing up now
			Static: SIM card has been registered and dialed up to 5G network
Orange	Static: SIM card has been registered and dialed up to 4G network		
Ethernet Port	Link Indicator (Orange)	Off	Disconnected or connect failure
		On	Connected
		Blinking	Transmitting data
	Rate Indicator (Green)	Off	100 Mbps mode
		On	1000 Mbps mode

2.5 Dimensions (mm)



2.6 Reset Button

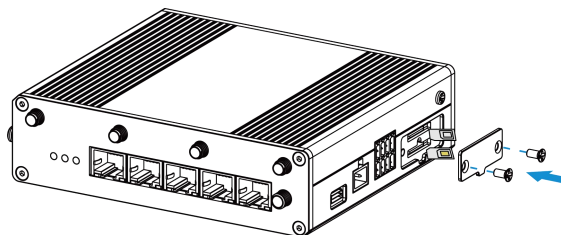
The reset button is beside the SIM slots.

Function	Description	
	LED Indicator	Action
Soft Reset	Static	When the device is powered on, press and hold the reset button for more than 5 seconds.
	Static → All Blinking	Release the button and wait.
	Off → SYS Static Green	The device resets to factory default.
Hard Reset	Off	When the device is powered off, press and hold the reset button.
	Static → All Blinking	Power on the device while keeping holding the reset button for more than 5 seconds, then release the button.
	Off → SYS Static Green	The device resets to factory default.

Chapter 3 Hardware Installation

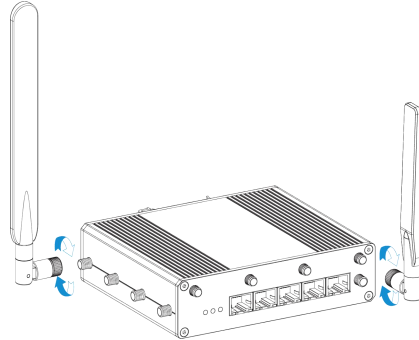
3.1 SIM Installation

Unscrew the holder of SIM card, insert the SIM card into the slot according to the direction icon on the device, then fix the holder back to the device with screws.



3.2 Antenna Installation

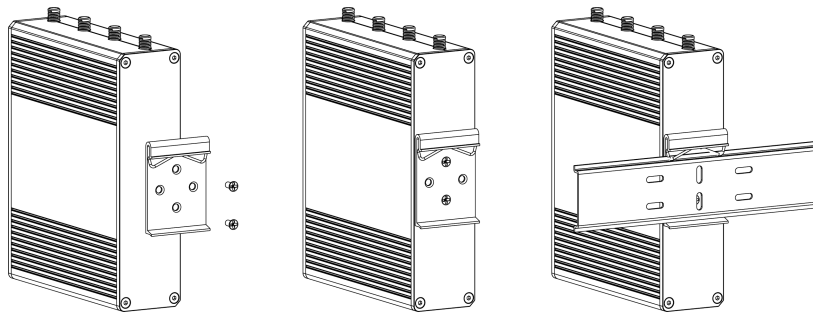
Rotate the antenna into the antenna connector accordingly. Antennas should be installed vertically and be always on a site with a good signal.



3.3 Device Installation

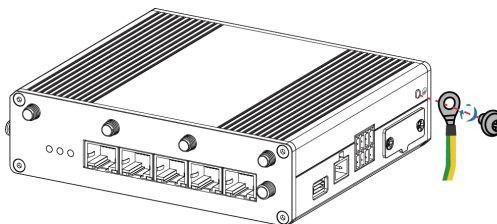
UR75 device can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a DIN rail. For DIN rail mounting, use 2 pcs of M3 × 6 flat head Phillips screws to fix the mount clip to the device, and then hang the device to the DIN rail. The width of DIN rail is 3.5 cm.

⚠ Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N·m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N·m.



3.4 Protective Grounding Installation

Connect the grounding ring of the cabinet's grounding wire onto the grounding stud and screw up the grounding nut.



Chapter 4 Access to Web GUI

UR75 provides user-friendly web GUI for configuration and users can access it via LAN port. This chapter explains how to access to Web GUI of the UR75 router.

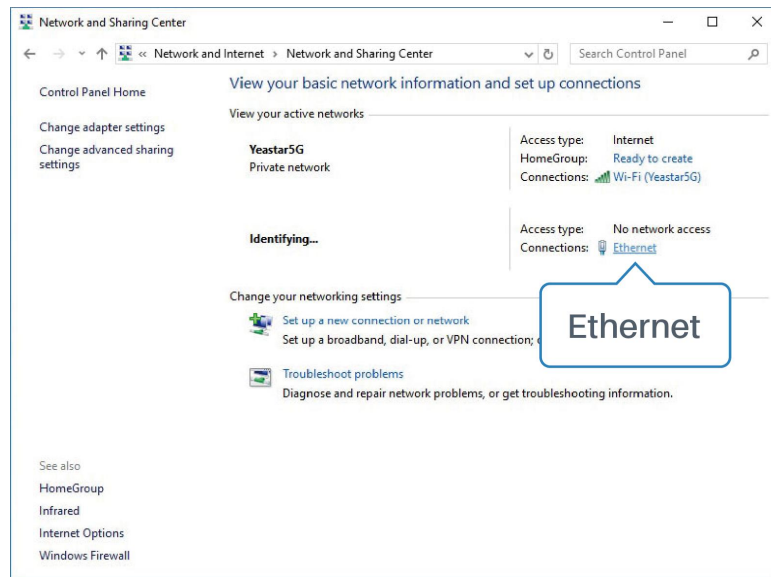
Username: **admin**

Password: **password**

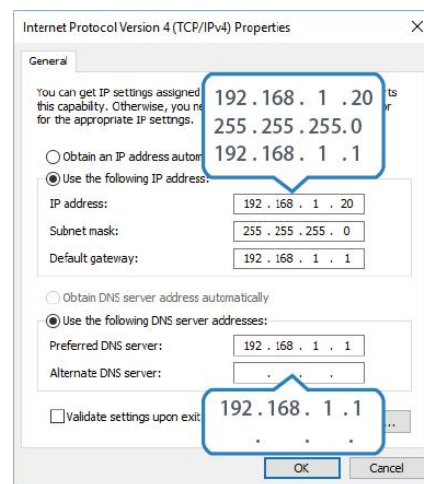
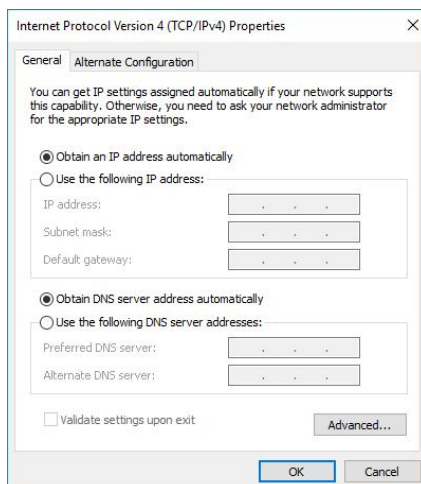
IP Address: **192.168.1.1**

Connect PC to LAN port or USB port of U75 router directly. The following steps are based on Windows 10 operating system for your reference.

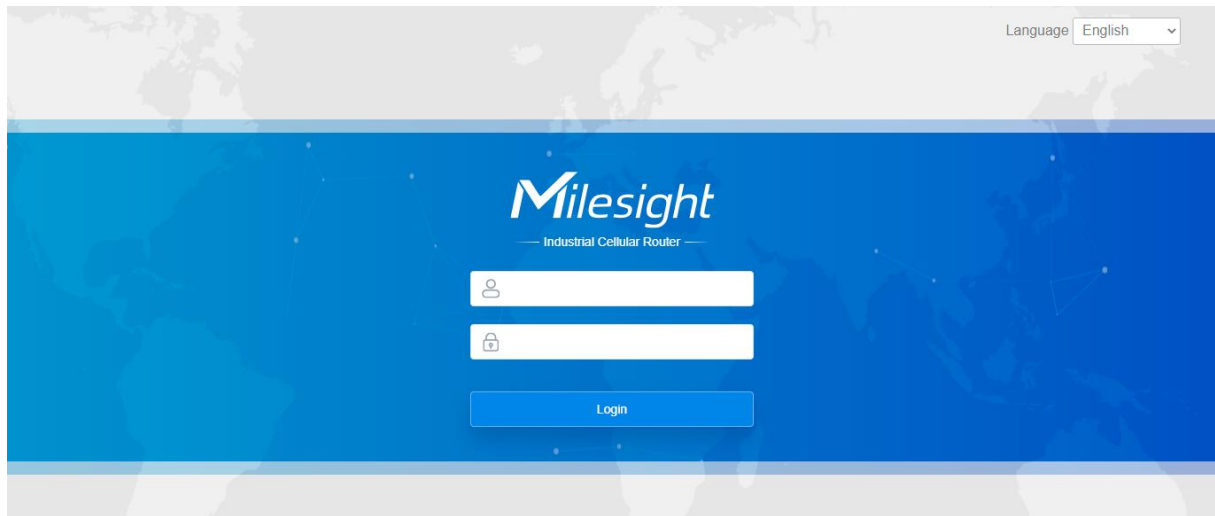
1. Go to **Control Panel** → **Network and Internet** → **Network and Sharing Center**, then click **Ethernet** (May have different names).



2. Go to **Properties** → **Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4)**, select **Obtain an IP address automatically** or **Use the following IP address**, then assign a static IP manually within the same subnet of the device.

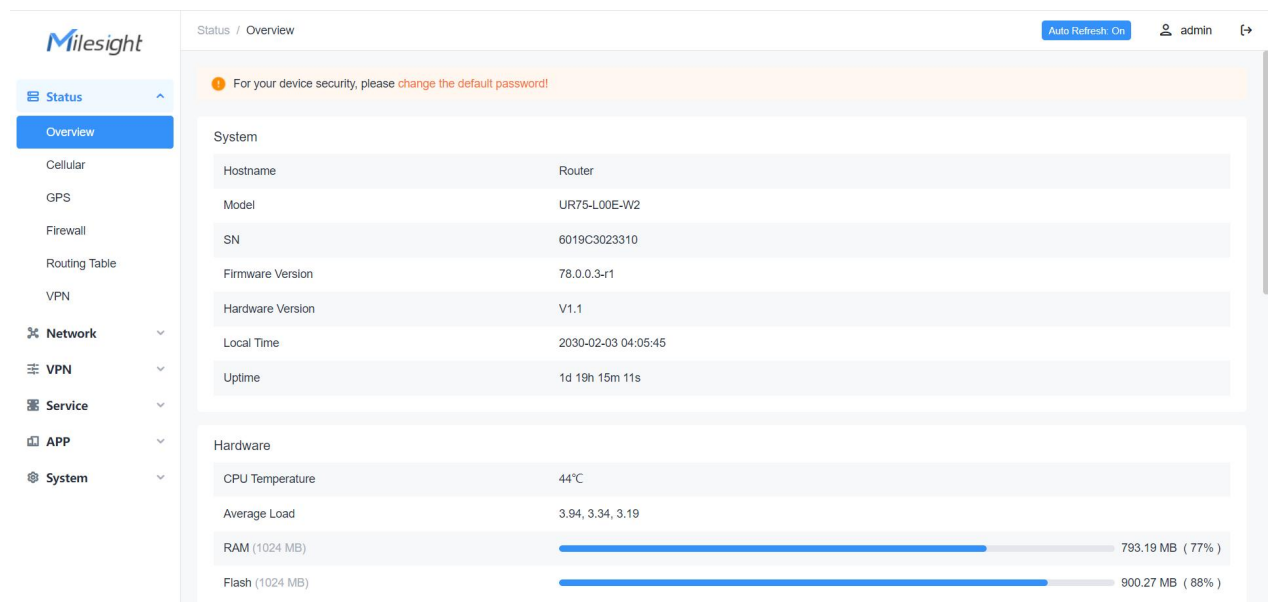


3. Open a Web browser on your PC (Chrome is recommended), type in the IP address 192.168.1.1 to access the web GUI, then enter the default username and password, and click **Login**.



! If you enter the username or password incorrectly more than 5 times, the login page will be locked for 10 minutes.

4. After you login the Web GUI, you can view system information and perform configuration on the router.



System	
Hostname	Router
Model	UR75-L00E-W2
SN	6019C3023310
Firmware Version	78.0.0.3-r1
Hardware Version	V1.1
Local Time	2030-02-03 04:05:45
Uptime	1d 19h 15m 11s

Hardware	
CPU Temperature	44°C
Average Load	3.94, 3.34, 3.19
RAM (1024 MB)	793.19 MB (77%)
Flash (1024 MB)	900.27 MB (88%)

Chapter 5 Application Examples

5.1 Configure Cellular Connection

UR75 routers have two cellular interfaces SIM1 & SIM2. Only one cellular interface is active at a time. We are about to take an example of inserting a SIM card into the SIM1 slot of the UR75 and configuring the router to get access to the Internet through cellular.

Configuration Steps

1. Ensure the SIM card is inserted well and all cellular antennas are connected to the correct connectors.
2. Go to **Network > Interface > Interface** page, find the cellular interface and click **Edit** button.

The screenshot shows the 'Interface' configuration page in the Milesight router's web interface. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with 'Network' expanded to show 'Interface'. The main content area displays three interfaces: WAN (blue), LAN (green), and Cellular (orange). The Cellular interface is selected, and its 'Edit' button is highlighted with a red box. The Cellular interface details include: Uptime: 1d 2h 19m 27s, MAC: 24:E1:24:F5:AC:EA, RX: 1.04 GB (2242106 Pkts.), TX: 138.63 MB (553621 Pkts.), and IPv4: 192.168.45.89/24. The WAN and LAN interfaces also show their respective details and 'Edit' and 'Restart' buttons.

3. Select the SIM card you need to configure and fill in the necessary info of SIM card, then save all settings.

Select SIM Card

If not filled in, use the default configuration in the SIM card

IP Type

APN

PIN

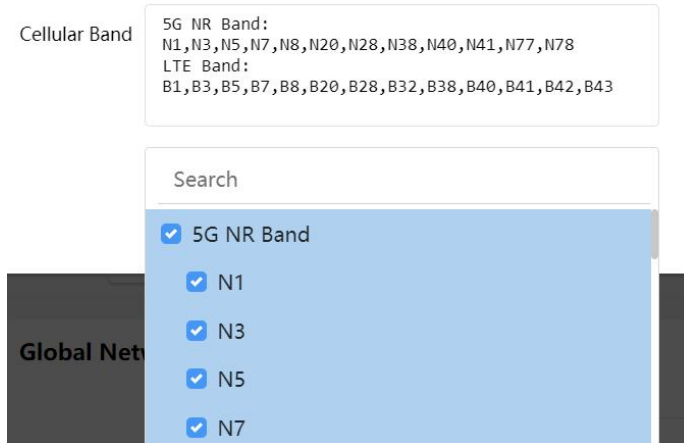
Authentication Type

Network Type

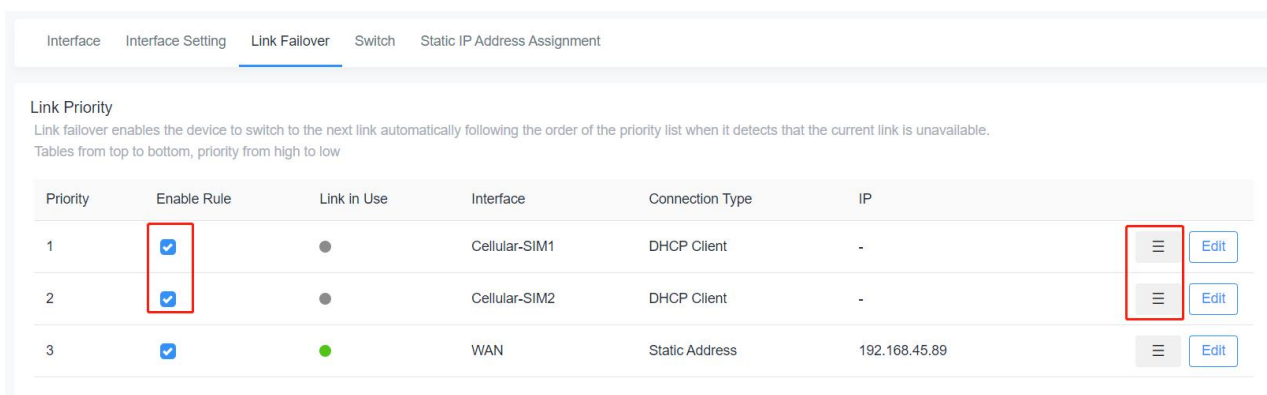
Roaming

IMS

For 5G connection, you can choose specific bands to ensure high network speed.

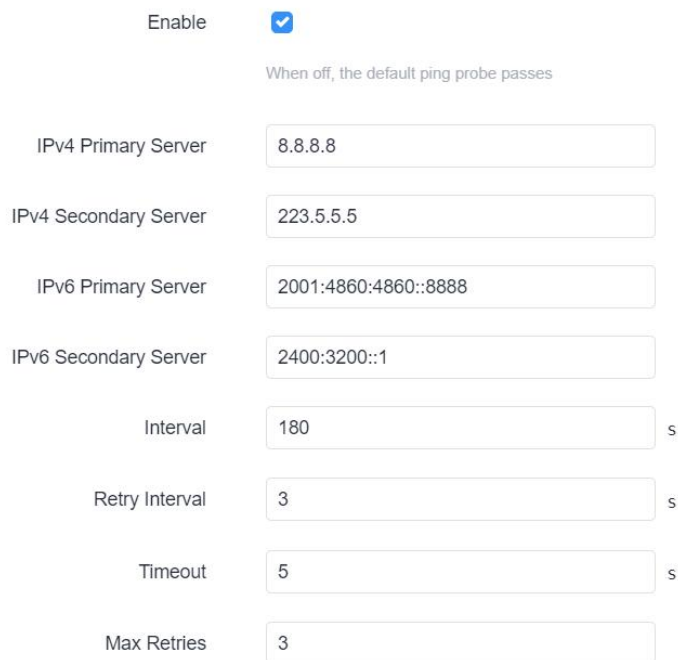


- Go to **Network > Interface > Link Failover** to enable correspond SIM and drag the buttons to change link priority.



- Click **Edit** of a link to configure ICMP ping detection information. When ping probe is enabled, the router will send ICMP packets to detection server to check if this link is valid. If no response and exceeding max retries, it will switch to the lower priority link.

Note: if you use private SIM card, please change a private server address or disable the ping probe.



- Go to **Status > Cellular** to check the status of the cellular connection. If modem status is ready and network status shows **Connected**, the SIM has been dialed up successfully.

Network	
Status	Connected
IPv4 Address	10.21.123.198/29
IPv4 Gateway	10.21.123.197
IPv4 DNS	112.5.230.54
IPv6 Address	2409:8934:2294:acf5:1/128
IPv6 Gateway	fe80::2
IPv6 DNS	2409:8034:2000::3
Connection Duration	0days, 00:08:06

Related Topic

[Cellular Setting](#)

[Cellular Status](#)

5.2 Configure Ethernet Connection

UR75 routers support getting network access via WAN port.

Configuration Steps

- Go to **Network > Interface > Interface** page, find the WAN interface and click **Edit** button.

- Select the protocol according to your network router mode or network provider types and configure the corresponding parameters, then save all settings.

- **DHCP:** upper network router will assign an IP address to UR75 WAN port. This is the easiest way and requires the upper route to enable the DHCP server.
- **Status Address:** assign a static IP address with the same subnet as the LAN subnet of the upper network router. Besides, it's necessary to configure at least one DNS server.
- **PPPoE:** type your PPPoE account username and password, this should contact your network provider.

Protocol	Static Address
IP Type	Static Address
IPv4 Address	192.168.45.89
IPv4 Netmask	255.255.255.0
IPv4 Gateway	192.168.45.1
IPv4 Primary DNS	8.8.8.8
IPv4 Secondary DNS	223.5.5.5

3. Go to **Network > Interface > Link Failover** to enable WAN and drag the button to change link priority.

Interface Interface Setting **Link Failover** Switch Static IP Address Assignment

Link Priority
Link failover enables the device to switch to the next link automatically following the order of the priority list when it detects that the current link is unavailable.
Tables from top to bottom, priority from high to low

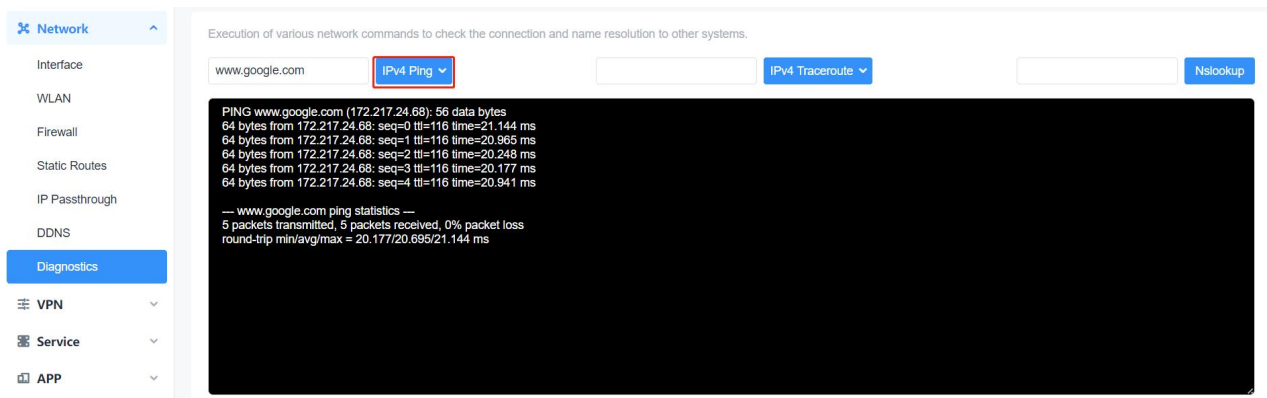
Priority	Enable Rule	Link in Use	Interface	Connection Type	IP	
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	●	Cellular-SIM1	DHCP Client	-	Edit
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	●	Cellular-SIM2	DHCP Client	-	Edit
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	●	WAN	Static Address	192.168.45.89	Edit

4. Click **Edit** of a link to configure ICMP ping detection information. When ping probe is enabled, the router will send ICMP packets to detection server to check if this link is valid. If no response and exceeding max retries, it will switch to the lower priority link.

Note: if you use private network, please change a private server address or disable the ping probe.

Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	When off, the default ping probe passes
IPv4 Primary Server	8.8.8.8
IPv4 Secondary Server	223.5.5.5
IPv6 Primary Server	2001:4860:4860::8888
IPv6 Secondary Server	2400:3200::1
Interval	180 s
Retry Interval	3 s
Timeout	5 s
Max Retries	3

5. Click **Network > Diagnostics** to check the network connectivity.



Execution of various network commands to check the connection and name resolution to other systems.

www.google.com IPv4 Ping IPv4 Traceroute Nslookup

```
PING www.google.com (172.217.24.68): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 172.217.24.68: seq=0 ttl=116 time=21.144 ms
64 bytes from 172.217.24.68: seq=1 ttl=116 time=20.965 ms
64 bytes from 172.217.24.68: seq=2 ttl=116 time=20.248 ms
64 bytes from 172.217.24.68: seq=3 ttl=116 time=20.177 ms
64 bytes from 172.217.24.68: seq=4 ttl=116 time=20.941 ms

--- www.google.com ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 20.177/20.695/21.144 ms
```

Related Topic

[WAN Setting](#)

5.3 Configure Wi-Fi Access Point

UR75 routers support both 2.4G and 5G Wi-Fi and they can work as access points to provide network access to other devices at the same time. We are about to take an example of configuring a 2.4G Wi-Fi access point.

Configuration Steps

1. Ensure the router supports Wi-Fi and the Wi-Fi antennas are connected to the correct connectors.
2. Go to **Network > WLAN** page to enable 2.4G Wi-Fi mode, then users can modify the radio type, SSID and other parameters. For security access, it's suggested to select an encryption mode and define a key for devices to connect to Wi-Fi.

WLAN1-2.4G

WLAN2-5G

Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
_Type	AP
BSSID	24:e1:24:f5:ac:ec
Radio Type	802.11bgn/ax mixed
Channel	Auto
Bandwidth	40 MHz
SSID	Router_F5ACEC_2.4G
Encryption Mode	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK
Cipher	AES/TKIP
Key
Group Rekey Interval	3600 s

- Use a smart phone to connect the access point of UR75. You can check the information of the connected client/user on **Status > Overview** page.

Active DHCP Leases			
Hostname	IPv4-Address	MAC-Address	Remaining Lease Time
LAPTOP-NVG0OOC1	192.168.1.152	20:7B:D2:71:F4:D2	14h 47m 15s

Related Topic

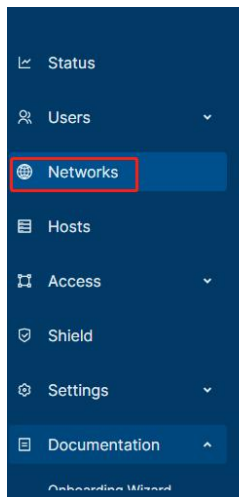
[WLAN Setting](#)

5.4 Configure OpenVPN Client

UR75 routers can work as OpenVPN clients or OpenVPN servers. We are about to take an example of configuring OpenVPN client to connect to CloudConnexa.

Configuration Steps

- Ensure the UR75 has gotten access to the Internet.
- Log in the CloudConnexa account, select Network section and select the service depending on your requirement and follow the wizard to continue the settings.



Select Network Scenarios

Please select all applicable scenarios for the network, which you are going to create.

- Remote Access** ⓘ
Connect your private resources to OpenVPN Cloud. Provide remote access to your resources, which are hosted on IaaS Cloud, and on premises resources. [Read more](#) ⓘ.
- Site-to-site** ⓘ
Connect multiple private networks to OpenVPN Cloud (site-to site connectivity). This wizard will assist you in adding a single network. Repeatedly use this wizard to connect all your networks. [Read more](#) ⓘ.
- Secure Internet Access** ⓘ
Provide secure access to public resources. Use this network as an Internet Gateway for all Internet traffic or only for selected public resources. You can then apply whitelisting rules on your public resources. [Read more](#) ⓘ.

i If you would like to connect a single server, you can create a [host](#) ⓘ and connect your server directly to OpenVPN Cloud

3. Select the location as OpenWrt and download the OVPN file.

Network Configuration

Define Network

* Marked inputs are required

Name* Description (Optional)

Add Connector

A Connector is an unattended device, that provides constant connectivity to CloudConnexa. You can create multiple network Connectors for [high availability and load balancing](#) ↗. It is recommended that you choose the region closest to the location, where your Connector will be deployed.

Add Connector

Name* Region Description (optional)

Scenarios selected:

Remote Access

- 1 Define Network
- 2 Deploy Network Connector
- 3 Add Application
- 4 Add Routes and IP Services
- 5 Configure Access Group (Optional)

Each Connector must be installed and connected to CloudConnexa. Select where you would like to deploy Network Connector.

OpenVPN Compatible Router: OpenWrt

1 Download .ovpn Profile

Download OVPN Profile

2 Use .ovpn Profile

Use .ovpn Profile on your router and connect it to CloudConnexa

[Read how to use .ovpn Profile and connect OpenWrt router to CloudConnexa](#) ↗

After you deployed a connector, click Next to check that connector is online.

Back

Next

4. Go to **VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN Client** page of UR75, select configuration method as File Configuration, then import the OVPN file.

Client_2

Enable

Configuration Method

Configuration File

5. Go to **Status > VPN** page to check if the client is connected.

VPN				
Clients				
Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP	
openvpn_2	Connected	100.96.1.18	100.96.1.1	

You can also check the connection status on CloudConnexa.

Connectors +

Connector is an unattended device, which provides constant connectivity to OpenVPN Cloud.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Connection Status	Name	Region	Tunnel IP Address	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Online	connector01	London	100.96.1.18 fd:0:0:8101::2	Deploy ▼

6. You can remotely get access to this router via OpenVPN Connect software. If you need to access the terminal devices under UR75 subnet, it's necessary to assign the subnet on CloudConnexa.

Subnets +

Private and Public subnets, which will be routed to this Network.

<input type="checkbox"/>	IP Address or Subnet	Description	Add Service	
<input type="checkbox"/>	192.168.2.0/24		Add Service	

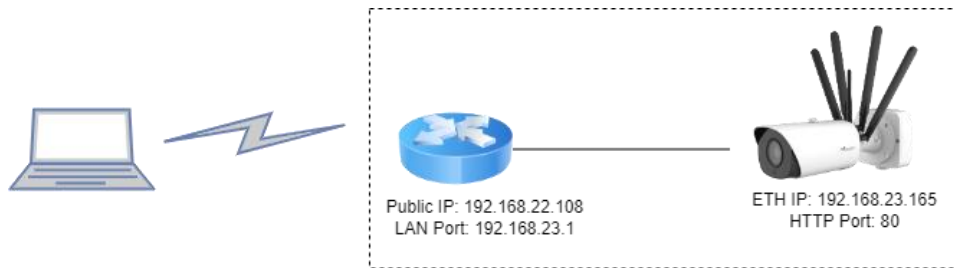
Related Topic

[OpenVPN Client](#)

5.5 Configure NAT Rule

Example

An UR75 router can access to the Internet via cellular and get a public IP address. LAN port is connected with an IP camera whose IP address is 192.168.23.165 and HTTP port is 80. This IP camera can be accessed by public IP address via the below port mapping settings.



Configuration Steps

Go to **Network > Firewall > Port Mapping** and configure port mapping parameters as below. External IP address 0.0.0.0/0 means all external addresses are allowed to access. After that, users can use public IP: external port to access the IP camera.

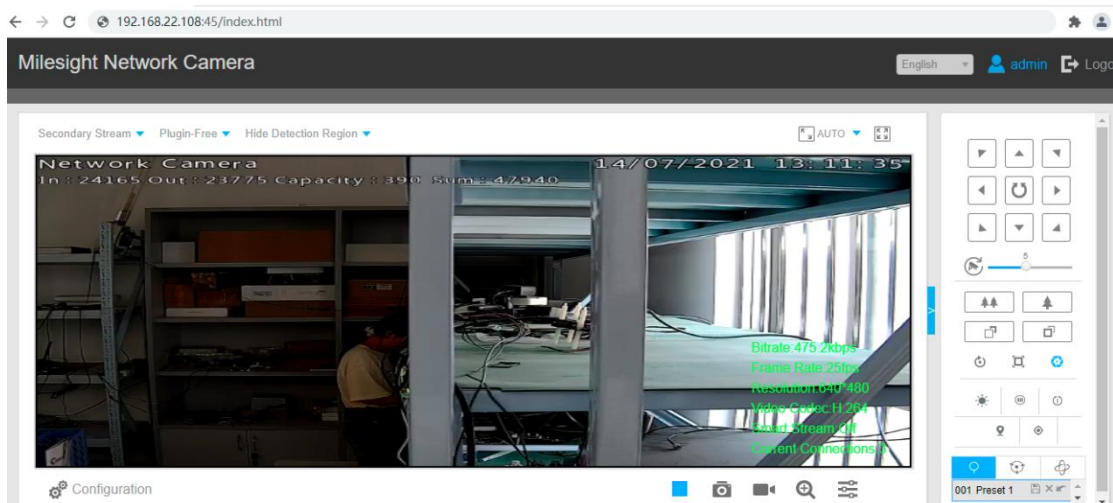
Port Mapping(DNAT)

When external services are needed internally (for example, when a website is published externally), the external address initiates an active connection. And, the router or the gateway on the firewall receives the connection. Then it will convert the connection to the internal. This conversion is called DNAT, which is mainly used for external and internal services.

List Priority: The priority is lowered in accordance with the table from top to bottom.

Name	Protocol	External IP Address	External Port	Internal IP Address	Internal Port	Enable
Camera	TCP UDP	0.0.0.0/0	45	192.168.23.165	80	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

[Delete](#) [Add](#)



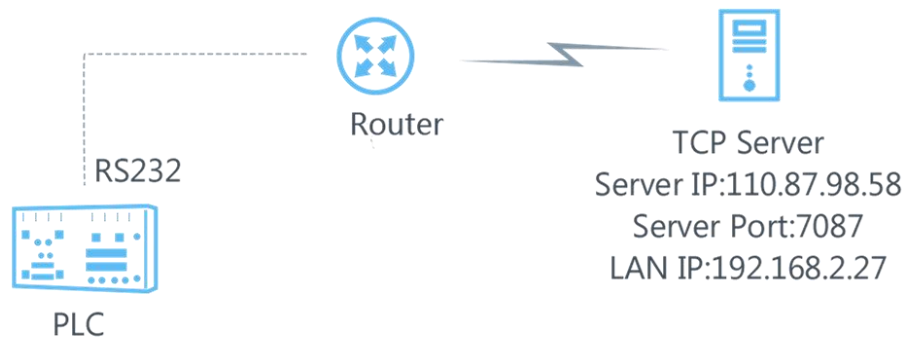
Related Topic

[Port Mapping](#)

5.6 Configure Serial DTU Connection

Example

A PLC is connected with the UR75 via RS232 and need to transfer the data to a remote TCP server transparently.



Configuration Steps

1. Go to **Service > Serial Port**, enable Serial 1 and configure serial port parameters. The serial port parameter shall be kept in consistency with those of PLC, as shown in figure below.

Serial 1 Serial 2

Enable

Serial Type

Baud Rate

Data Bits

Stop Bits

Parity

2. Configure Serial Mode as **DTU Mode** and protocol as **TCP Client**.

Serial Mode

DTU Protocol

Keepalive Interval s

Keepalive Retry Times

Reconnect Interval s

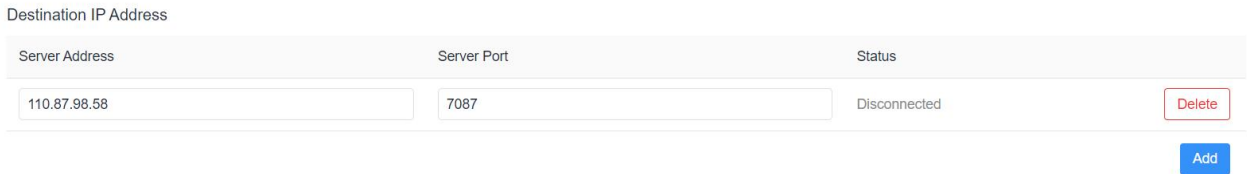
Specific Protocol

Packet Size Byte

Serial Frame Interval ms

Register String

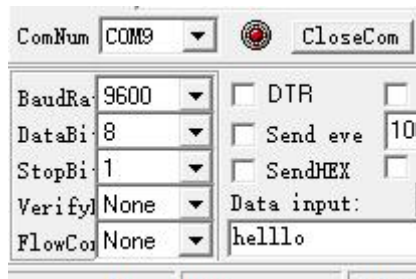
3. Configure TCP server IP and port.



4. Start TCP server on PC. Take **Netassist** test software as example. Make sure port mapping is done.

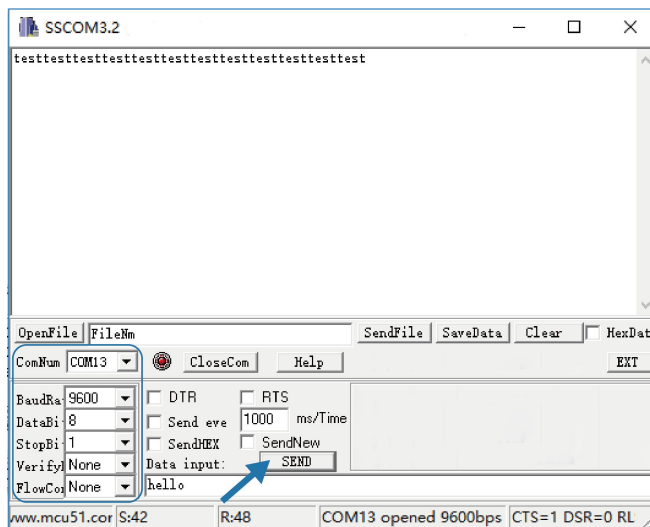


5. Connect the UR75 to PC via RS232 for PLC simulation. Then start **sscom** software on the PC to test communication through serial port.

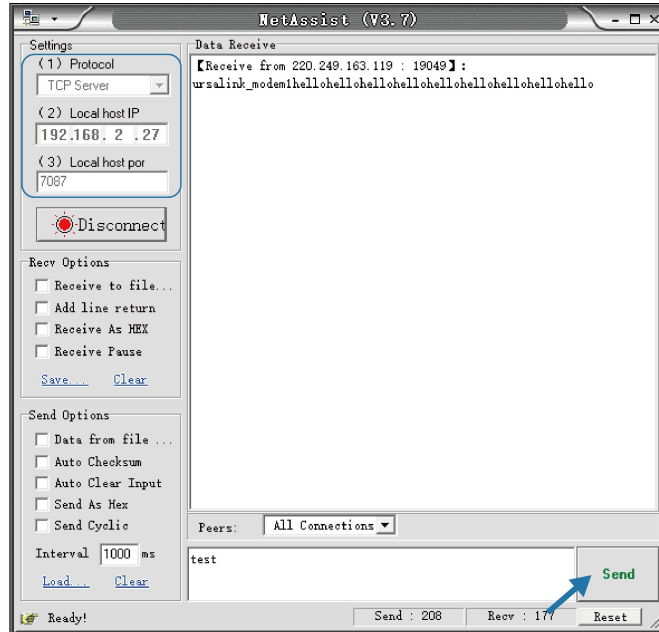


6. After connection is established between the UR75 and the TCP server, you can send data between sscom and Netassist.

PC side



TCP server side



7. After serial communication test is done, you can connect PLC to RS232 port of the UR75 for test.

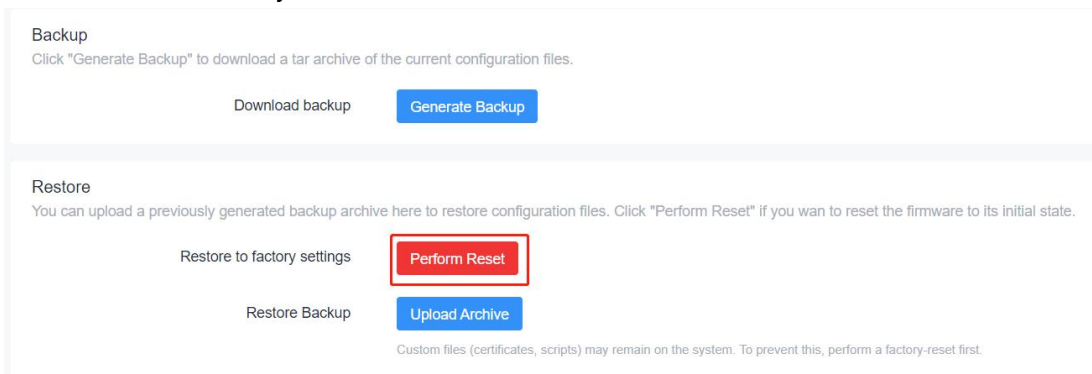
Related Topic

[Serial Port](#)

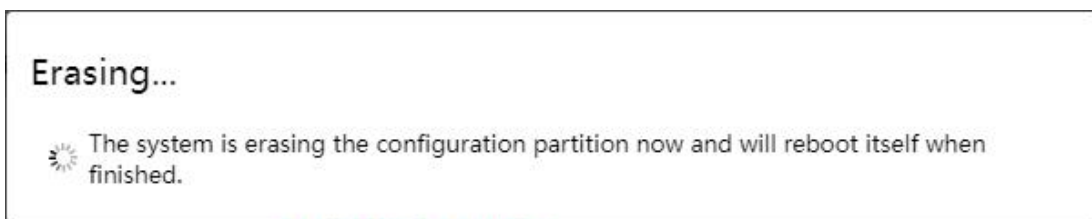
5.7 Restore Factory Defaults

Method 1:

Go to **System > Backup/Upgrade** page, click **Perform Reset** button, you will be asked to confirm if you'd like to reset it to factory defaults. Then click **OK** button.



Then the device will reboot and restore to factory settings immediately.



Please wait till the SYSTEM LED shines in green, which means the device has already been reset to factory defaults successfully.

Related Topic

[Backup / Flash Firmware](#)

Method 2:

Locate the reset button on the router, press and hold the reset button for more than 5s until the LED blinks.

5.8 Firmware Upgrade

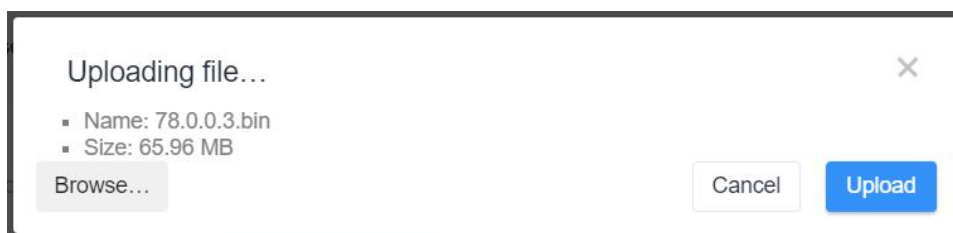
It is suggested that you contact Milesight technical support first before you upgrade the device. After getting the image file please refer to the following steps to complete the upgrade.

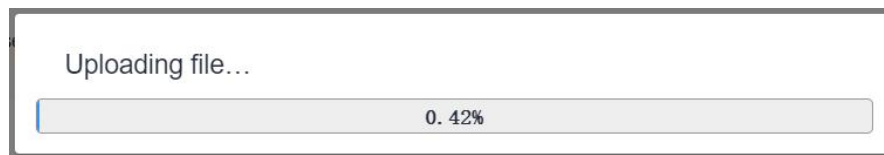
1. Go to **System > Backup/Upgrade** page, and click **Flash image**.

The screenshot shows the 'Backup/Upgrade' page with three main sections:

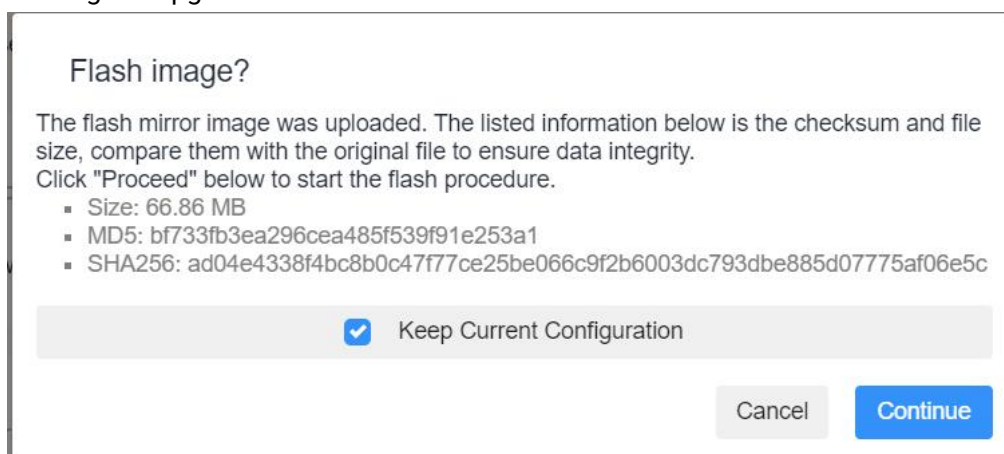
- Backup:** Includes a 'Download backup' link and a blue 'Generate Backup' button. Below it is the instruction: 'Click "Generate Backup" to download a tar archive of the current configuration files.'
- Restore:** Includes a 'Restore to factory settings' link with a red 'Perform Reset' button, and a 'Restore Backup' link with a blue 'Upload Archive' button. Below it is the instruction: 'You can upload a previously generated backup archive here to restore configuration files. Click "Perform Reset" if you want to reset the firmware to its initial state.' A note at the bottom states: 'Custom files (certificates, scripts) may remain on the system. To prevent this, perform a factory-reset first.'
- Flash new firmware image:** Includes a 'Firmware Image' link and a blue 'Flash Image' button, which is highlighted with a red box. Below it is the instruction: 'Upload a image here to replace the running firmware.'

2. Browse the correct firmware file from the PC, click **Upload** and the device will check if the firmware file is correct. If it's correct, the firmware will be imported to the device.





3. After upload, click **Continue** to upgrade the device. When SYS LED changes from orange to green and stay statically, the upgrade is completed. Do not perform any operation or disconnect the power during the upgrade.



Related Topic

[Backup / Flash Firmware](#)

Chapter 6 Web Configuration

6.1 Status

6.1.1 Overview

The System tab contains the basic information of the router on this page.

System

Hostname	Router
Model	UR75-L00E-W2
SN	6019C3023310
Firmware Version	78.0.0.3-r1
Hardware Version	V1.1
Local Time	2030-02-03 04:18:01
Uptime	1d 19h 27m 27s

System	
Item	Description
Hostname	The hostname of device, it can be modified on System > System > General Settings .
Model	The model name of the device.
SN	The serial number of the device.
Firmware Version	The current firmware version of the device.
Hardware Version	The current hardware version of the device.
Local Time	The current system time of the device , it can be modified on System > System > General Settings .
Uptime	The time since the device has been powered and running.

Hardware

CPU Temperature	45°C
Average Load	4.15, 3.50, 3.29
RAM (1024 MB)	778.70 MB (76%)
Flash (1024 MB)	901.46 MB (88%)

Hardware	
Item	Description
CPU Temperature	The temperature of CPU.
Average Load	Averages over progressively longer periods of time (1, 5 and 15 minutes averages), the smaller numbers are better.
RAM	the RAM capacity and the available RAM memory.
Flash	the flash capacity and the available flash memory.

The **Current Network** tab displays the basic information of link in use, click Interface chapter for details.

Current Network

- Accessible IP address of the Internet



Current SIM: SIM2

- **IPv4:** 10.21.123.198/29
 - **IPv6:** 2409:8934:2294:acfe::1/128
- Runtime:** 0h 19m 20s

Current Network

- Accessible IP address of the Internet



Type: Static Address

- **IPv4:** 192.168.45.89
- IPv6:** -
- IPv4 Gateway:** 192.168.45.1
- IPv6 Gateway:** -
- MAC:** 24:E1:24:F5:AC:EA
- Runtime:** 1d 2h 31m 37s

The Active DHCP Leases tab displays the basic information of connected devices.

Active DHCP Leases			
Hostname	IPv4-Address	MAC-Address	Remaining Lease Time
LAPTOP-NVG00OC1	192.168.1.152	20:7B:D2:71:F4:D2	14h 41m 8s

Active DHCP Leases	
Item	Description
Hostname	The hostname of the connected device.
IPv4-Address	The IPv4 address of the connected device.
MAC-Address	The MAC address of the connected device.
Remaining Lease Time	The time remaining for this lease.

When Milesight UPS is connected to the device, the UPS basic information will also show on the Status page. For more details please refer to *Milesight UPS User Guide*.

UPS

Model	-
SN	-
Firmware Version	-
Hardware Version	-
Power Status	Disconnected_ups
Battery	-
Battery Temperature	-

6.1.2 Cellular

You can view the cellular network status of router on this page.

Cellular Status	
Status	Ready
Module Model	RG500L-EU
Version	RG500LEUACR04A01M8G_OCPU_20.001.20.001
Current SIM	SIM2
Cellular Band	N41
Signal Strength	-68dBm
Register Status	Registered(Home network)
IMEI	869263050336332
IMSI	460028688541190
ICCID	89860016111591001190
ISP	CHINA MOBILE
Network Type	5G SA
PLMN ID	46000
LAC	3259E7
Cell ID	203959107

CQI	-
DL Bandwidth	100MHz
UL Bandwidth	100MHz
SINR	29.5dB
PCI	23F
RSRP	-68dBm
RSRQ	-11dB
EARFCN	7B49E

Modem Information	
Item	Description
Status	<p>Corresponding detection status of module and SIM card.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● No SIM Card: the SIM card is not inserted ● PIN Error: the PIN code is error ● PIN Required: the SIM card requires to type PIN code ● PUK Required: the SIM card requires to be unlocked by PUK code ● No Signal: no cellular signal ● Ready: the SIM card is inserted ● Down: the SIM card is deactivated or data overage
Module Model	The model name of cellular module.
Version	The firmware version of cellular module.
Current SIM	The current SIM card used.
Cellular Band	The cellular band which the router used to register to network.
Signal Strength	The RSSI (Received Signal Indicator) of registered cellular network.
Register Status	The registration status of SIM card.
IMEI	The IMEI of the cellular module.
IMSI	The IMSI of the SIM card.
ICCID	The ICCID of the SIM card.
ISP	The network provider which the SIM card registers on.
Network Type	The connected network type, such as LTE, 3G, etc.
PLMN ID	The current PLMN ID, including MCC, MNC, LAC and Cell ID.
LAC	The location area code of the SIM card.
Cell ID	The Cell ID of the SIM card location.
CQI	The Channel Quality Indicator of the cellular network.
DL Bandwidth	The DL bandwidth of the cellular network.
UL Bandwidth	The UL bandwidth of the cellular network.
SINR	The Signal Interference + Noise Ratio of the cellular network.
PCI	The physical-layer cell identity of the cellular network.
RSRP	The Reference Signal Received Power of the cellular network.

RSRQ	The Reference Quality Received Power of the cellular network.
EARFCN	The E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number.

Network	
Status	Connected
IPv4 Address	10.21.123.198/29
IPv4 Gateway	10.21.123.197
IPv4 DNS	112.5.230.54
IPv6 Address	2409:8934:2294:acfe::1/128
IPv6 Gateway	fe80::2
IPv6 DNS	2409:8034:2000::3
Connection Duration	0days, 00:08:06

Monthly Data Statistics	
The traffic statistics here are for reference only, and the actual traffic is subject to the charging bill provided by the operator.	
SIM-1	RX: 0.0 MiB TX: 0.0 MiB ALL: 0.0 MiB
SIM-2	RX: 22.1 MiB TX: 6.0 MiB ALL: 28.2 MiB

Network	
Item	Description
Status	The connection status of cellular network.
IPv4/IPv6 Address	The IPv4/IPv6 address and netmask of cellular network.
IPv4/IPv6 Gateway	The IPv4/IPv6 gateway and netmask of cellular network.
IPv4/IPv6 DNS	The DNS sever of cellular network.
Connection Duration	The information on how long the cellular network has been connected.
RX	The data volume and packets received of this month.
TX	The data volume and packets transmitted of this month.
ALL	Total data volume and packets of this month.

6.1.3 GPS

When GPS function is enabled and the GPS information is obtained successfully, you can view the latest GPS information including GPS time, latitude, longitude and speed on this page.

GPS Status

Status	Obtained
Time for Locating	2022/11/24 05:51:05
Satellites In Use	36
Satellites In View	71
Latitude	24.624043 N
Longitude	118.030530 E
Altitude	83.6 M
Speed	0.000000 km/h

GPS Status

Item	Description
Status	The obtain status of GPS.
Time for Locating	The time for locating.
Satellites In Use	The quantity of satellites in use.
Satellites In View	The quantity of satellites in view.
Latitude	The Latitude of the location.
Longitude	The Longitude of the location.
Altitude	The Altitude of the location.
Speed	The speed of movement.

6.1.4 Firewall

On this page you can check all IPv4/IPv6 chains of iptables. Users can click the targets with dashed line to jump to the corresponding chains.

IPv4 Firewall		IPv6 Firewall		Show Empty Chain	Reset Counts	Restart Firewall			
Table: Filter									
Chain INPUT (Policy: ACCEPT, 0 Packets, 0 B Traffic)									
Pkts.	Traffic	Target	Prot.	In	Out	Source	Destination	Options	Remark
1.44 K	123.47 KB	ACCEPT	all	lo	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	-	-
16.84 K	2.06 MB	input_rule	all	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	-	Custom input rule chain
15.88 K	2.00 MB	ACCEPT	all	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	ctstate RELATED,ESTABLISHED	-
370	19.24 KB	syn_flood	tcp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	tcp flags:0x17/0x02	-
0	0 B	zone_wan_input	all	eth1	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	-	-
959	60.27 KB	zone_lan_input	all	br-lan	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	-	-
0	0 B	zone_wan_eth_input	all	eth1	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	-	-
Chain FORWARD (Policy: ACCEPT, 0 Packets, 0 B Traffic)									
Pkts.	Traffic	Target	Prot.	In	Out	Source	Destination	Options	Remark
0	0 B	forwarding_rule	all	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	-	Custom forwarding rule chain
0	0 B	ACCEPT	all	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	ctstate RELATED,ESTABLISHED	-

Firewall Status	
Item	Description
Table: Filter	The default table for handing network packets.
Table: NAT	Used to alter packets that create a new connection and used for Network Address Translation (NAT).
Table: Mangle	Used for specific types of packet alternation.
Show/Hide Empty Chain	Show/hide the chain without any rule.
Reset Counts	Reset the traffic counts of all chains.
Restart Firewall	Restart the whole firewall process.

6.1.5 Routing Table

You can check routing status on this page, including the routing table and ARP cache.

IPv4 Router			
Interface	Destination Network	IPv4 Gateway	Priority
WAN	8.8.8.8	192.168.45.1	0
LAN	192.168.1.0/24	-	0
WAN	192.168.45.0/24	-	0
WAN	192.168.45.0/24	192.168.45.1	1
WAN	223.5.5.5	192.168.45.1	0

ARP		
Interface	IPv4 Address	MAC Address
LAN	192.168.1.119	7E:03:C0:70:98:5F

Active IPv6 Router			
Interface	Destination Network	IPv6 Gateway	Priority
LAN	fdcd:8701:29c0::/64	-	1024

IPv6 Neighbor		
Interface	IPv6 Address	MAC Address
This section contains no values now.		

Item	Description
Active IPv4/IPv6 Router	
Interface	The outbound interface of the route.
Destination Network	The IP address and netmask of destination host or destination network.
IPv4/IPv6 Gateway	The IP address of the gateway to send packets from.
Priority	The metric number indicating interface priority of usage.
ARP Cache	
Interface	The binding interface of ARP.
IPv4 Address	The IP address of ARP pool.
MAC Address	The IP address's corresponding MAC address.

IPv6 Neighbor	
Interface	The binding interface of neighbor.
IPv6 Address	The IP address of neighbor.
MAC Address	The IP address's corresponding MAC address.

6.1.6 VPN

You can check VPN status on this page.

Clients			
Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP
This section contains no values now.			

IPsec Server		
Status	Server IP	Connected Clients IP
This section contains no values now.		

OpenVPN Server		
Status	Server IP	Connected Clients IP
This section contains no values now.		

VPN Status	
Item	Description
Clients	
Name	The name of the enabled VPN clients.
Status	The connection status of client.
Local IP	The local IP address and subnet of the VPN tunnel.
Remote IP	The real remote IP address and subnet of the VPN tunnel.
IPsec/OpenVPN Server	
Status	The status of Server.
Server IP	The server IP address and subnet of the VPN tunnel.
Connected Clients IP	The IP address of the client which is connected to the server.

6.2 Network

6.2.1 Interfaces

This menu allows to configure the basic settings of cellular, WAN and LAN interfaces.

Interface

<div style="background-color: #ffc107; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px; border: 1px solid #ffc107;">WAN</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ffc107; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> </div>	<p>Uptime: 2h 32m 57s MAC: 24:E1:24:F5:AC:FE RX: 43.07 MB (366912 Pkts.) TX: 27.66 MB (31466 Pkts.) IPv4: 192.168.40.204/24</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 5px; background-color: #f0f0f0;">RESTART</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 5px; background-color: #007bff; color: white;">EDIT</div>
<div style="background-color: #28a745; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px; border: 1px solid #28a745;">LAN</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #28a745; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> </div>	<p>Uptime: 2h 32m 50s MAC: D2:68:7D:56:E4:1C RX: 80.16 KB (902 Pkts.) TX: 46.40 KB (549 Pkts.) IPv4: 192.168.1.1/24 IPv6: fd0b:2786:8e2a:0:d0b8:7dff:fe56:e41c/64</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 5px; background-color: #f0f0f0;">RESTART</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 5px; background-color: #007bff; color: white;">EDIT</div>
<div style="background-color: #fd7e14; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px; border: 1px solid #fd7e14;">Cellular</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #fd7e14; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> </div>	<p>RX: 0 B (0 Pkts.) TX: 0 B (0 Pkts.)</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 5px; background-color: #f0f0f0;">RESTART</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 5px; background-color: #007bff; color: white;">EDIT</div>

Interfaces	
Item	Description
Restart	Click to restart this network interface.
Edit	Click to edit general settings of this network interface.

Global Network Option

IPv6 ULA-Prefix

Global Network Options	
Item	Description
IPv6 ULA-Prefix	The IPv6 unique local address (ULA) prefix of this device.

6.2.1.1 WAN

The WAN port can be connected with an Ethernet cable to get Internet access. It supports 3 connection types which can work with both IPv4 and IPv6.

- **Static IP:** configure IPv4 address, netmask and gateway for Ethernet WAN interface.
- **DHCP Client:** configure Ethernet WAN interface as DHCP Client to obtain IPv4 address automatically.
- **PPPoE:** configure Ethernet WAN interface as PPPoE or PPPoEv6 Client.

General Setting

Advanced Setting

Status Uptime: 0h 55m 16s
 MAC: 24:E1:24:F5:AC:EA
 RX: 0 B (0 Pkts.)
 TX: 67.54 KB (1048 Pkts.)
 IPv4: 192.168.45.182/24

WAN - Status	
Item	Description
Uptime	How long has the device been running.
MAC	MAC address of WAN interface.

RX	RX: the data volume and packets received in this interface.
TX	TX: the data volume and packets transmitted from this interface.
IPv4	IPv4 address of WAN interface.

1. Static IP Configuration

If the external network assigns a fixed IP for the WAN interface, please select this mode.

Protocol

IP Type

IPv4 Address

IPv4 Netmask

IPv4 Gateway

IPv4 Primary DNS

IPv4 Secondary DNS

Static Address - General Settings

Item	Description	Default
IP Type	It's fixed as IPv4.	IPv4
IPv4 Address	Set the IPv4 address of the WAN port.	--
IPv4 Netmask	Set the Netmask for WAN port.	255.255.255.0
IPv4 Gateway	Set the gateway for WAN port's IPv4 address.	--
IPv4 Primary DNS	Set the primary IPv4 DNS server.	8.8.8.8
IPv4 Secondary DNS	Set the secondary IPv4 DNS server.	223.5.5.5

General Setting

Advanced Setting

NAT

MTU

Static Address - Advanced Settings

Item	Description
NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.

2. DHCP Client

If the external network has DHCP server enabled and has assigned IP addresses to the Ethernet WAN interface, please select this mode to obtain IP address automatically.

General Setting
Advanced Setting

Status

Uptime: 0h 56m 21s
 MAC: 24:E1:24:F5:AC:EA
 RX: 0 B (0 Pkts.)
 TX: 69.14 KB (1073 Pkts.)
 IPv4: 192.168.45.182/24

Protocol

DHCP Client

General Setting
Advanced Setting

Obtain DNS server automatically

NAT

MTU

DHCP Client - Advanced Settings	
Item	Description
Obtain DNS server automatically	Obtain peer DNS automatically. DNS is necessary when visiting domain name.
NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.

3. PPPoE/PPPoEv6

PPPoE refers to a point to point protocol over Ethernet. If IPv6 negotiation is enabled, router can get both IPv4 and IPv6 address.

Protocol

Username

Password

PPPoE - General Settings	
Item	Description
PAP/CHAP Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
PAP/CHAP Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Obtain IPv6-Address

Enable IPv6 negotiation on the PPP link

Obtain DNS server automatically

Max Retries

Heartbeat Interval s

NAT

MTU


PPPoE - Advanced Settings	
Item	Description
Obtain IPv6-Address	Enable IPv6 negotiation on the PPP link.
Obtain DNS server automatically	Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when visiting domain name.
Max Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to dial up. Range: 0-9.
Heartbeat Interval (s)	Set the heartbeat interval for link detection. Range: 1-600.
NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.

Related Configuration Example

[Ethernet WAN Connection](#)

6.2.1.2 LAN/DHCP Server

General Setting | **Advanced Setting** | DHCP Server

Status  Uptime: 0h 53m 46s
 MAC: 24:E1:24:F5:AC:EB
 RX: 2.17 MB (17646 Pkts.)
 TX: 23.04 MB (18893 Pkts.)
 IPv4: 192.168.1.1/24
 IPv6: fdcd:8701:29c0:0:26e1:24ff:fe5:aceb/64

IPv4 Address

IPv4 Netmask

IPv6 Prefix Length

Assign the given length part of every public IPv6-prefix to this interface.

IPv6 Prefix Identifier

Assign the prefix part of this hexadecimal sub ID to this interface.

LAN - General Settings	
Item	Description
Status	Uptime: how long has the device been running.
	MAC: MAC address of LAN interfaces.
	RX: the data volume and packets received in this interface.
	TX: the data volume and packets transmitted from this interface.
	IPv4/IPv6: IPv4/IPv6 address of LAN interfaces.
IPv4 Address	Set the IPv4 address of LAN interface.
IPv4 Netmask	Set the netmask for LAN interface.
IPv6 Prefix Length	Assign a part of given length of every public IPv6-prefix to this interface.
IPv6 Prefix Identifier	Assign prefix parts using this hexadecimal sub-prefix ID for this interface.

General Setting | **Advanced Setting** | DHCP Server

MTU

LAN - Advanced Settings	
Item	Description
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.

General Setup



Enable

Start Address

End Address

IPv4 Lease Time m

IPv4 Netmask

DNS Server 
 

DHCP Server-General Setup	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable to disable DHCP for this interface.
Start Address	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.
End Address	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.
IPv4 Lease time	Set the expiry time of leased addresses, the minimum is 2 minutes (2m).
IPv4-Netmask	Set to override the netmask sent to clients. Normally it is calculated from the subnet that is served.
DNS Server	Set the DNS server list for clients.


IPv6 Settings

Enable

Router Announcement Service

DHCPv6 Service

DHCPv6 Mode

Announced DNS Servers 

DHCP Server-IPv6 Settings	
Item	Description
Enable	Choose to enable DHCPv6 server when using cellular IPv6 or PPPoE v6.
Router Advertisement Service	It's fixed as server mode.
DHCPv6 Service	It's fixed as server mode.

DHCPv6 Mode	It's fixed as stateless mode.
Announced DNS Servers	Set the DNS server list for clients.

6.2.1.3 Cellular

Select SIM Card

If not filled in, use the default configuration in the SIM card

IP Type

APN

PIN

Authentication Type

Network Type

Roaming

IMS

SMS Center Number

NAT

Customized MTU

MTU

Data Limit MB

Billing Day

Cellular Band

5G NR Band:
N1, N3, N5, N7, N8, N20, N28, N38, N40, N41, N77, N78

LTE Band:
B1, B3, B5, B7, B8, B20, B28, B32, B38, B40, B41, B42, B43

Cellular	
Item	Description
Select SIM Card	Select the SIM card you need to configure the settings.
IP Type	Show the Internet protocol type to use for this interface. Option: IPv4, IPv6 and IPv4/IPv6.
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection provided by

	local ISP.
PIN	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code to unlock the SIM.
Authentication Type	Select from NONE, PAP, CHAP and PAP/CHAP.
Network Type	Select from Auto, 5G Only, 4G Only and 3G Only. Auto: connect to the network with the strongest signal automatically. 5G Only: connect to 5G network only. And so on.
Roaming	Enable or disable roaming.
IMS	Enable or disable IMS function.
SMS Center Number	Enter the local SMS center number for storing, forwarding, converting and delivering SMS message.
NAT	Enable or disable NAT function.
Customized MTU	Enable or disable to customize the maximum transmission units. When disabled, the device will use operator's MTU settings.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission units. Range: 68-1500.
Data Limit	Set the data limit of this month. If data traffic exceeds the limit, the SIM card will be forbidden this month. The default is blank (no limited).
Billing Day	Clear the monthly data statistics when reaching the billing day of this month.
Cellular Band	Select the 5G NR and 4G LTE bands used to register cellular network. It can be used to optimize cellular speeds by selecting specific bands.

Related Application

[Cellular Application](#)

6.2.1.4 Interface Settings

UR75 cellular router supports 5 Gigabit Ethernet ports. This page display the properties of all Ethernet ports and allows to control the status of these ports.

Interface Setting

Interface	Status	Property	Interface Speed	Interface Mode
LAN1	Up	LAN	Auto	Auto
LAN2	Up	LAN	Auto	Auto
LAN3	Up	LAN	Auto	Auto
LAN4	Up	LAN	Auto	Auto
WAN	Up	WAN	Auto	Auto

Interface Setting	
Item	Description
Interface	Users can define the Ethernet ports according to their needs.
Status	Set the status of Ethernet port; select Up to enable and Down to




	disable.
Property	The Ethernet port's type, fixed as a WAN port or a LAN port.
Interface Speed	Ethernet port speed is fixed as Auto.
Interface Mode	Ethernet port mode is fixed as Auto.

6.2.1.5 Link Failover

This section describes how to configure link failover strategies, their priority and the ping settings, each rule owns its ping rules by default. The router will follow the priority to choose the next available interface to access the internet, make sure you have enabled the full interface that you need to use here. If priority 1 can only use IPv4, UR75 will select a second link in which IPv6 works as the main IPv6 link and vice versa.

Link Priority

Link failover enables the device to switch to the next link automatically following the order of the priority list when it detects that the current link is unavailable.
Tables from top to bottom, priority from high to low

Priority	Enable Rule	Link in Use	Interface	Connection Type	IP	
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	●	Cellular-SIM1	DHCP Client	-	 Edit
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	●	Cellular-SIM2	DHCP Client	-	 Edit
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	●	WAN	Static Address	192.168.45.182	 Edit

Settings


Revert to High Priority Link

After checking, it will periodically detect whether the higher priority link is available. If a higher priority link is available, it will switch to the link with a higher priority.

Revert Interval s

Emergency Reboot

After enabling, if all interfaces are unavailable, the system will reboot.

Link Failover	
Item	Description
Link Priority	
Priority	Display the priority of each interface, you can modify it by the operation's up and down button.
Enable Rule	If enabled, the router will choose this interface into its switching rule. For the Cellular interface, if it's not enabled here, the interface will be disabled as well.
Link in Use	Mark whether this interface is in use with Green color.
Interface	Display the name of the interface.
Connection type	Display how to obtain the IP address in this interface, like static IP or DHCP. For cellular interface, it only supports as DHCP client.
IP	Display the IP address of the interface.
	Drag this button to adjust the priority of network links. The top of the list has the highest priority.
Edit	Click to edit ping probe settings of every network link.
Settings	
Revert to High	When enabled, periodically detect whether the high-priority link can

Priority Link	be pinged, and if so, switch the link with a higher priority.
Revert Interval	Specify the number of seconds that you should wait for switching to the link with higher priority, range: 1 - 21600s.
Emergency Reboot	Enable to reboot the device if not any link is available.

Ping Probe

Enable

When off, the default ping probe passes

IPv4 Primary Server

IPv4 Secondary Server

IPv6 Primary Server

IPv6 Secondary Server

Interval s

Retry Interval s

Timeout s

Max Retries

Ping Probe	
Item	Description
Enable	If enabled, the router will periodically detect the connection status of the link by sending ICMP packets.
IPv4/IPv6 Primary Server	The router will send ICMP packet to the IPv4/IPv6 address to determine whether the network connection is still available or not.
IPv4/IPv6 Secondary Server	The router will try to ping the alternative server address if primary server is not available.
Interval	Time interval (in seconds) between two Pings.
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again in every retry interval.
Timeout	The maximum amount of time the router will wait for a response to a ping request. If it does not receive a response for the amount of time predefined in this field, the ping request will be considered as fail.
Max Retries	The retry times of the router sending ping request until determining that the connection has failed.

6.2.1.6 Switch (VLAN)

VLAN is a new data exchange technology that realizes virtual work groups by logically dividing the LAN devices into network segments.

VLAN

Enable

VLAN Setting

VLAN ID	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4	CPU
1	Untagged	Untagged	Untagged	Untagged	Untagged

[Add](#)

LAN Setting

Name	VLAN ID	IP Address	Subnet Mask	MTU
LAN	1	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	1500

DHCP Server

Name	Interface	Address	IPv4 Lease Time	IPv4 Netmask
DHCP_3	LAN	Start Address: 192.168.1.100 End Address: 192.168.1.199	1440m	255.255.255.0

[Edit](#)

Switch	
Item	Description
VLAN	Enable or disable VLAN feature.
VLAN Settings	
VLAN ID	Set the label ID of the VLAN. Range: 3-4094.
LAN 1/2/3/4	Make the VLAN bind with the corresponding ports and select status from Tagged, Untagged and "Close for Ethernet frame on trunk link.
CPU	Control communication between VLAN and other networks.
LAN Settings	
Name	Set interface name of VLAN.
VLAN ID	Select VLAN ID of the interface.
IP Address	Set IP address of LAN port which is different from WAN, LAN and other VLANs.
Subnet Mask	Set Netmask of LAN port.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit of LAN port. Range: 68-1500.

Enable


Interface


Start Address

End Address

IPv4 Lease Time m

IPv4 Netmask

DNS Server 



Switch - DHCP Server	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable to disable DHCP for this VLAN interface. The DHCP server can only be deleted when you deleted corresponding LAN settings,
Interface	Show the VLAN interface name of the DHCP server.
Start Address	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.
End Address	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.
IPv4 Lease time	Set the expiry time of leased addresses, the minimum is 2 minutes (2m).
IPv4 Netmask	Set to override the netmask sent to clients. Normally it is calculated from the subnet that is served.
DNS Server	Set the DNS server list for clients.

6.2.1.7 Static IP Address Assignment

When LAN/VLAN interface works as DHCP server, users can assign fixed IP addresses and symbolic hostnames to devices with fixed MAC addresses.

Static IP Address Assignment

Static leases are used to assign fixed IP addresses and symbolic hostnames to DHCP clients. It can be connected by the assigned host via the interface with a non-dynamic configuration.

Add new lease items with Add Button. The address and the value of the hostname field will be assigned to the host identified by the MAC address field. The tenancy term, an optional field, is able to set the duration of DHCP tenancy term for every host individually.

Hostname	MAC Address	IPv4 Address	IPv4 Lease Time	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> m	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
				<input type="button" value="Add"/>

Static IP Address Assignment	
Item	Description
Hostname	The hostname of static leases.

MAC Address	The MAC address of the DHCP client.
IPv4 Address	The IPv4 address assigned to the client.
IPv4 Lease time	Time remaining for the client.

6.2.2 WLAN (Wi-Fi Version Only)

This section explains how to set the related parameters for Wi-Fi network. UR75 supports both 2.4G and 5G Wi-Fi and they can work at the same time.

WLAN1-2.4G
WLAN2-5G

Enable

_Type AP

BSSID 24:e1:24:f5:ac:ec

Radio Type 802.11bgn/ax mixed

Channel Auto

Bandwidth 40 MHz

SSID Router_F5ACEC_2.4G

Encryption Mode No Encryption

SSID Broadcast

AP Isolation

Max Client Number 128

MAC Filtering

Type Whitelist

MAC Address
Description

This section contains no values now.

WLAN	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable/disable WLAN.
Type	The work type is fixed as AP.
BSSID	The MAC address of the access point.
Radio Type	Select radio type.
Channel	Select wireless channel from 1 to 13 or select Auto.
Bandwidth	Select bandwidth. The options are 20MHz and 40MHz.
SSID	Define the SSID of the access point.
Encryption Mode	Select encryption mode. The options are No Encryption, WEP Open System , WEP Auto, WEP Shared Key, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA3-PSK, WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK and WPA2-PSK/WPA3-PSK.
Cipher	Select cipher when using PSK type encryption mode. The options are AES, TKIP and AES/TKIP.
Key	Define the key of access point.
Group Rekey Interval	The interval of changing the cipher key.
SSID Broadcast	When SSID broadcast is disabled, other wireless devices can't find the SSID, and users have to enter the SSID manually to access to the wireless network.

AP Isolation	When AP isolation is enabled, all users that access to the AP are isolated without communicating with each other.
Max Client Number	Type the max client number that the access point supports, range: 1-128.
MAC Filtering	
MAC Filtering	Enable or disable the filter of Wi-Fi client MAC addresses.
Type	<p>Whitelist: Only the listed MAC addresses are allowed to connect to the router's wireless access point.</p> <p>Blacklist: The listed MAC addresses are not allowed to connect to the router's wireless access point.</p>

Related Topic

[Wi-Fi Application Example](#)

6.2.3 Firewall

This section describes how to set the firewall parameters, including security, ACL, DMZ, Port Mapping and custom iptables rules. After setting, users can go to **Status > Firewall** to check if firewall settings work.

6.2.3.1 General Settings

Security Configuration

Enable SYN-flood protection

Log in via HTTPS by default

Access Control

Name	Port	Local Access	Remote Access
HTTP	80	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
HTTPS	443	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SSH	22	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
TELNET	23	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

URL Filter

Domain Name Keyword Filter

Example: To filter www.google.com, enter google.

General Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Security Configuration		
Enable SYN-flood Protection	Enable/disable SYN-flood protection. SYN-flood protection allows to protect from a DDoS attack that exploits part of the normal TCP three-way handshake to consume resources on the targeted server and render it unresponsive.	Enable

Log in using HTTPS by default	Log in the web GUI of device via HTTPS by default.	Enable
Access Control		
Port	Set port number of the services. Range: 1-65535.	--
Local Access	Access the router locally.	Enable
Remote Access	Access the router remotely.	Disable
HTTP	Users can log in the device locally via HTTP to access and control it through Web after the option is checked.	80
HTTPS	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via HTTPS to access and control it through Web after the option is checked.	443
TELNET	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via Telnet after the option is checked.	23
SSH	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via SSH after the option is checked.	22
URL Filter		
Domain Name Keyword Filter	You can block specific website by entering keyword from a domain name. After filtering, the devices under LAN ports can not access corresponding websites. The maximum number of characters allowed is 64.	

6.2.3.2 ACL

The access control list, also called ACL, implements permission or prohibition of access for specified network traffic (such as the source IP address) by configuring a series of matching rules so as to filter the network interface traffic. When a router receives a packet, the field will be analyzed according to the ACL rule applied to the current interface. After the special packet is identified, the permission or prohibition of corresponding packet will be implemented according to preset strategy. The data package matching rules defined by ACL can also be used by other functions requiring flow distinction.


ACL

Policy Priority:DMZ>DNAT>Access Service Control>ACL

List Priority: The priority is lowered in accordance with the table from top to bottom.

Default Filter Policy		Accept	
Name	Match Rule	Action	Enable
Rule1	Forwarded IPv4, protocol TCP, UDP, ICMP From WAN(WAN, Cellular), IP 0.0.0.0 To LAN, IP 0.0.0.0	Accept forward	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
			Edit Delete
			Add

ACL	
Item	Description

Default Filter Policy	The packets which are not included in the access control list will be processed by the default filter policy. Accept: allow all traffic out of devices under LAN ports. Drop: deny all traffic out of devices under LAN ports.
Enable	Enable this ACL rule.
	Drag this button to adjust the priority of ACL rules. The top of the list has the highest priority.
Edit	Click to edit the details of this ACL rule.
Delete	Delete this ACL rule.

Name

IP Type

Protocol

Source Interface

Source Type

Source IP Address
Eg:192.168.1.1 or 192.168.1.1/24

Source port
You can enter the port number, or enter 20-300

Destination Interface

Destination IP Address
Eg:192.168.1.1 or 192.168.1.1/24

Destination port
You can enter the port number, or enter 20-300

Action

ACL - Add/Edit	
Name	Define a unique name for this ACL rule.
Type	Select type as IPv4 or IPv6.
Protocol	Select protocol among TCP, UDP and ICMP.
Source Interface	Select the source interface type from Device Output, LAN, VLAN or WAN (WAN, Cellular, WLAN). Device Output means the packets coming from router itself.
Source Type	When using IPv4 type, select the address type as IP, MAC or IP+MAC.
Source IP/MAC Address	Set source network address according to address type. (0.0.0.0/0 means all).
Source Port	Set specific source port number or port range, example: 20-300.

Destination Interface	Select the destination interface type from LAN, WAN (WAN, Cellular, WLAN), VLAN or Device Input. Device Input means the packets going to router itself.
Destination IP Address	Set destination network address (0.0.0.0/0 means all).
Destination Port	Set specific source port number or port range, example: 20-300.
Action	Select action as Accept or Drop.

6.2.3.3 Port Mapping (DNAT)

When external services are needed internally (for example, when a website is published externally), the external address initiates an active connection. And, the router or the gateway on the firewall receives the connection. Then it will convert the connection into the an internal connection. This conversion is called DNAT, which is mainly used for external and internal services.

Port Mapping(DNAT)

When external services are needed internally (for example, when a website is published externally), the external address initiates an active connection. And, the router or the gateway on the firewall receives the connection. Then it will convert the connection to the internal. This conversion is called DNAT, which is mainly used for external and internal services.

List Priority: The priority is lowered in accordance with the table from top to bottom.

Name	Protocol	External IP Address	External Port	Internal IP Address	Internal Port	Enable	
<input type="text"/>	TCP UDP ▾	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0/0"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	☰ <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
<input type="button" value="Add"/>							

Port Mapping (DNAT)	
Item	Description
Name	Define a unique name of the port mapping rule.
Protocol	Select TCP or UDP for your application requirements.
External IP Address	Specify the host or network which can access local IP address. 0.0.0.0/0 means all.
External Port	Set the port or port range from which incoming packets are forwarded, example: 20-300.
Internal IP Address	Enter the IP address that packets are forwarded to after receiving from the incoming interface.
Internal Port	Enter the port or port range that packets are forwarded to after receiving from the incoming port(s). When setting port range, the value should be the same as external port range.
Enable	Enable or disable this port mapping rule.
☰	Drag this button to adjust the priority of port mapping rules. The top of the list has the highest priority.
Delete	Delete this rule.

Related Configuration Example

[NAT Application Example](#)

6.2.3.4 DMZ

DMZ is a host within the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those forwarded ports in port mapping.

DMZ

The DMZ host is an intranet host whose ports are only open to the specific addresses except for the occupied and forwarded ports. After enabling DMZ, all data received from the source IP address by the router will be forwarded to the DMZ host IP address filled in.

Enable

DMZ Host

Source IP Address

DMZ	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DMZ.
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on the internal network.
Source IP Address	Set the source IP address which can access to DMZ host. "0.0.0.0/0" means any address.

6.2.3.5 Custom Rules

In this page, you can enter your own custom firewall iptables rules and these will get executed as a Linux shell script.

Firewall - Custom Rules

Custom rules allow you to execute the iptables commands of firewall. Note that the URL filtering command is invalid.

```
# This file is interpreted as shell script.
# Put your custom iptables rules here, they will
# be executed with each firewall (re-)start.

# Internal uci firewall chains are flushed and recreated on reload, so
# put custom rules into the root chains e.g. INPUT or FORWARD or into the
# special user chains, e.g. input_wan_rule or postrouting_lan_rule.
```

6.2.3.6 Certificates

In this page, you can import the HTTPS certificates for router web GUI secure access.

HTTPS Certificate

Certificate

Key

6.2.4 Static Routes

A static routing is a manually configured routing entry. Information about the routing is manually entered rather than obtained from dynamic routing traffic. After setting static routing, the package for the specified destination will be forwarded to the path designated by users.

Static IPv4 Routes

Interface	Destination Network	IPv4 Netmask	IPv4 Gateway	Priority	MTU	
WAN	192.168.45.0	255.255.255.0	192.168.45.1	1	1500	Delete

[Add](#)

Static IPv6 Routes

Interface	Destination Network	IPv6 Gateway	Priority	MTU
This section contains no values now.				

[Add](#)

Static Routes	
Item	Description
Interface	The interface allows the data to reach the destination address.
Destination Network	Enter the destination IPv4/IPv6 address.
IPv4 Netmask	Enter the subnet mask of IPv4 destination address.
IPv4/IPv6 Gateway	IPv4/IPv6 address of the next router that will be passed by before the input data reaches the destination address.
Priority	Smaller value refers to higher priority. Range: 1-255.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.

6.2.5 IP Passthrough

IP Passthrough mode shares or "passes" the Internet providers assigned IP address to a single LAN client device connected to the router.

Enable

Passthrough Mode

MAC


IP Passthrough	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable IP Passthrough.
Passthrough Mode	Select passthrough mode from "DHCPs-Fixed" and "DHCPs-Dynamic".

MAC	Set MAC address when passthrough mode is "DHCP-Static".
-----	---

6.2.6 DDNS

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) is a method that automatically updates a name server in the Domain Name System, which allows user to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name.

DDNS serves as a client tool and needs to coordinate with DDNS server. Before starting configuration, user shall register on a website of proper domain name provider and apply for a domain name.

Status	Disconnected
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Service Provider	Custom ▼
User name	<input type="text"/>
User ID	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/> 
Server	<input type="text"/>
Server Path	<input type="text"/>
Host Name	<input type="text"/>
Append IP	<input type="checkbox"/>
HTTPS	<input type="checkbox"/>

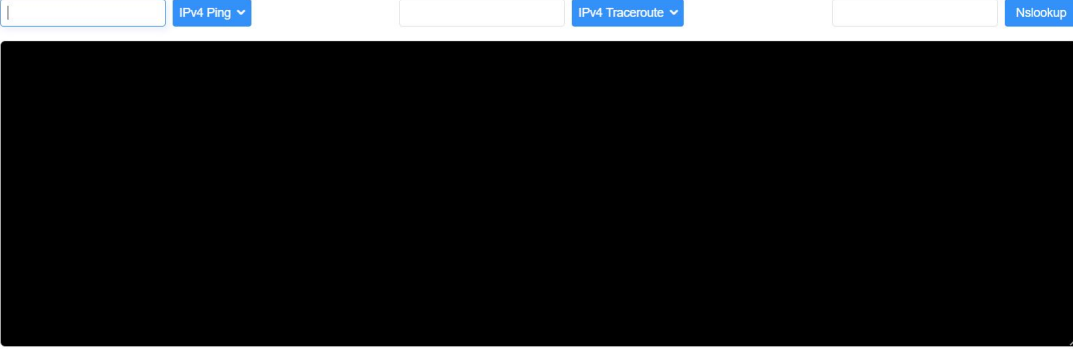
DDNS	
Item	Description
Status	Show connection status of DDNS.
Enable	Enable/disable DDNS.
Service Provider	Select the DDNS service provider.
Username	Enter the username for DDNS register.
User ID	Enter User ID of the custom DDNS server.
Password	Enter the password for DDNS register.
Server	Enter the name of DDNS server.
Server Path	By default the hostname is appended to the path.
Hostname	Enter the hostname for DDNS.
Append IP	Append your current IP to the DDNS server update path.

HTTPS	Enable HTTPS for some DDNS providers.
-------	---------------------------------------

6.2.7 Diagnostics

Network Utilities includes IPv4/IPv6 ping, IPv4/IPv6 traceroute, nslookup the command-line tool.

Execution of various network commands to check the connection and name resolution to other systems.



Network Utilities	
Item	Description
IPv4 Ping	Click to ping outer network from the device in IPv4.
IPv6 Ping	Click to ping outer network from the device in IPv6.
IPv4 Traceroute	Address of the destination host to be detected in IPv4.
IPv6 Traceroute	Address of the destination host to be detected in IPv6.
Nslookup	Click to obtain the mapping between domain name and IP address, or other DNS records.

6.3 VPN

Virtual Private Networks, also called VPNs, are used to securely connect two private networks together so that devices can connect from one network to the other network via secure channels.

6.3.1 OpenVPN

OpenVPN is an open source virtual private network (VPN) product that offers a simplified security framework, modular network design, and cross-platform portability. The default OpenVPN version of UR75 is 2.5.3.

6.3.1.1 OpenVPN Server

UR75 supports OpenVPN server to create secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. You can import the ovpn file directly or configure the parameters on this page to set this server.

OpenVPN Server

Enable Configuration Method Configuration File

OpenVPN Server - File Configuration

Item	Description
Browse	Click to browse the server configuration ovpn format file including the settings and certificate contents. Please refer to the server configuration file according to sample: server.conf
Edit	Click to edit the imported file.
Export	Export the server configuration file.
Delete	Click to delete the configuration file.

Configuration Method	<input type="text" value="Page Configuration"/>
Protocol	<input type="text" value="UDP"/>
Port	<input type="text" value="1194"/>
Listening IP	<input type="text"/>
Network Interface	<input type="text" value="tun"/>
Authentication Type	<input type="text" value="None"/>
Local Virtual IP	<input type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/>
Remote Virtual IP	<input type="text" value="10.8.1.1"/>
Compression	<input type="text" value="LZO"/>
Ping Detection Interval	<input type="text" value="60"/> s
Ping Detection Timeout	<input type="text" value="300"/> s
Encryption Mode	<input type="text" value="None"/>
MTU	<input type="text" value="1500"/>
Max Frame Size	<input type="text" value="1500"/>

Log Level

Notice

Expert Options

Account

Username

Password

This section contains no values now.

Add Account

Local Router

Subnet

Subnet Mask

This section contains no values now.

Add Router

Client Subnet

Name

Subnet

Subnet Mask

This section contains no values now.

Add Subnet

OpenVPN Server - Page Configuration

Item	Description
Protocol	Select a transport protocol used by connection from UDP and TCP.
Listening IP	Enter the local hostname or IP address for bind. If left blank, OpenVPN server will bind to all interfaces.
Port	Enter the TCP/UCP service number for OpenVPN client connection. Range: 1-65535.
Network Interface	Select virtual VPN network interface type from TUN and TAP. TUN devices encapsulate IPv4 or IPv6 (OSI Layer 3) while TAP devices encapsulate Ethernet 802.3 (OSI Layer 2).
Authentication Type	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions. Pre-shared: use the same secret key as server to complete the authentication. After select, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import a static.key to PSK field. Username/Password: use username/password which is preset in server side to complete the authentication. X.509 cert: use X.509 type certificate to complete the authentication. After select, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import CA certificate, client certificate and client private key to corresponding fields. X.509 cert + user: use both username/password and X.509 cert authentication type.
Local Virtual IP	Set local tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared .
Remote Virtual IP	Set remote tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared .
Client Subnet	Define an IP address pool for openVPN client.
Client Netmask	Set the client subnet netmask to limit the IP address range.
Renegotiation Interval	Renegotiate data channel key after this interval. 0 means disable.
Max Clients	Limit server to a maximum of concurrent clients, range: 1-128.

	Note: please adjust log severity to Info if you need to connect many clients.
Enable CRL	Enable or disable CRL verify.
Enable Client to Client	When enabled, openVPN clients can communicate with each other.
Enable Dup Client	Allow multiple clients to connect with the same common name or certification.
Enable TLS Authentication	Disable or enable TLS authentication when authentication type is X.509 cert. After being enabled, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import a ta.key to TA field. Note: this option only supports tls-auth. For tls-crypt, please add this format string on expert option: <code>tls-crypt /etc/openvpn/openvpn-client1-ta.key</code>
Compression	Select to enable or disable LZO to compress data.
Ping Detection Interval	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local values. Range: 10-1800 s.
Ping Detection Timeout	OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local values. Range: 60-3600 s.
Encryption Mode	Select from NONE, BF-CBC, DES-CBC, DES-EDE3-CBC, AES-128-CBC, AES-192-CBC and AES-256-CBC.
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.
Max Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 64-1500.
Verbose Level	Select from ERROR, WARNING, NOTICE and DEBUG.
Expert Options	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with semicolon. Example: <code>auth SHA256; key direction 1</code>
Account	
Username & Password	Set username and password for OpenVPN client when authentication type is username/password.
Local Router	
Subnet	Set the local route's IP address.
Subnet Mask	Set the local route's netmask.
Client Subnet	
Name	Set the name as OpenVPN client certificate common name.
Subnet	Set the subnet of OpenVPN client.
Subnet Mask	Set the subnet netmask of OpenVPN client.

6.3.1.2 OpenVPN Client

UR75 supports running at most 3 OpenVPN clients at the same time. You can import the ovpn file directly or configure the parameters on this page to set clients.

Client_1

Enable

Configuration Method

Configuration File

OpenVPN Client - File Configuration	
Item	Description
Browse	Click to browse the client configuration ovpn format file including the settings and certificate contents. Please refer to the client configuration file according to sample: client.conf
Edit	Click to edit the imported file.
Export	Export the server configuration file.
Delete	Click to delete the configuration file.

Configuration Method

Protocol

Port

Remote Address

Network Interface

Authentication Type

Local Virtual IP

Remote Virtual IP

Compression

Ping Detection Interval s

Ping Detection Timeout s

Encryption Mode

MTU

Max Frame Size

Log Level

Notice

Expert Options

Local Router

Subnet

Subnet Mask

This section contains no values now.

Add Router

OpenVPN Client - Page Configuration

Item	Description
Protocol	Select a transport protocol used by connecting UDP and TCP.
Remote IP Address	Enter remote OpenVPN server's IP address or domain name.
Port	Enter the TCP/UCP service number of remote OpenVPN server. Range: 1-65535.
Network Interface	Select virtual VPN network interface type from TUN and TAP. TUN devices encapsulate IPv4 or IPv6 (OSI Layer 3) while TAP devices encapsulate Ethernet 802.3 (OSI Layer 2).
Authentication Type	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions. Pre-shared: use the same secret key as server to complete the authentication. After selecting, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import a static.key to PSK field. Username/Password: use username/password which is preset in server side to complete the authentication. X.509 cert: use X.509 type certificate to complete the authentication. After selecting, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import CA certificate, client certificate and client private key to corresponding fields. X.509 cert + user: use both username/password and X.509 cert authentication type.
Local Virtual IP	Set local tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared .
Remote Virtual IP	Set remote tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared .
Global Traffic Forwarding	All the data traffic will be sent out via OpenVPN tunnel when this function is enabled.
Enable TLS Authentication	Disable or enable TLS authentication when authentication type is X.509 cert. After being enabled, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import a ta.key to TA field. Note: this option only supports tls-auth. For tls-crypt, please add this format string on expert option: tls-crypt /etc/openvpn/openvpn-client1-ta.key
Compression	Select to enable or disable LZO to compress data.
Ping Detection Interval	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the

	client local values. Range: 10-1800 s.
Ping Detection Timeout	OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local values. Range: 60-3600 s.
Encryption Mode	Select from NONE, BF-CBC, DES-CBC, DES-EDE3-CBC, AES-128-CBC, AES-192-CBC and AES-256-CBC.
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500.
Max Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 128-1500.
Verbose Level	Select from ERROR, WARNING, NOTICE and DEBUG.
Expert Options	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with semicolon. Example: auth SHA256; key direction 1
Local Route	
Subnet	Set the local route's IP address.
Subnet Mask	Set the local route's netmask.

Related Configuration Example

[OpenVPN Client Application Example](#)

6.3.1.3 Certificate

When using page configuration of OpenVPN server or client, user can import/export necessary certificate and key files to this page according to the authentication types.

Server			
CA Certificate	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Certificate	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Private key	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
DH	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
TA	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
CRL	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
PSK	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>

Client_1			
CA Certificate	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Certificate	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Private key	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
TA	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
PSK	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse"/>	<input type="button" value="Export"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>

6.3.2 IPsecVPN

IPsec is especially useful for implementing virtual private networks and for remote user access through dial-up connection to private networks. A big advantage of IPsec is that security arrangements can be handled without requiring changes to individual computer.

IPsec provides three choices of security service: Authentication Header (AH), Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP), and Internet Key Exchange (IKE). AH essentially allows authentication of the senders' data. ESP supports both authentications of the sender and data encryption. IKE is used for cipher code exchange. All of them can protect one and more data flows between hosts, between host and gateway, and between gateways.

6.3.2.1 IPSec Server

Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
IPsec Mode	Tunnel
IPsec Protocol	ESP
Local Subnet	<input type="text"/>
Local Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
Local ID Type	Default
Remote Subnet	<input type="text"/>
Remote Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
Remote ID Type	Default
SA Encryption Algorithm	AES128
SA Authentication Algorithm	SHA1
PFS Group	NULL
SA Lifetime	3600 s
DPD Time Interval	30 s
DPD Timeout	150 s

IPsec Server	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable IPsec server mode.
IPsec Mode	Select Tunnel or Transport.
IPsec Protocol	Select from ESP or AH.
Local Subnet	Enter the local LAN subnet IP address on the IPsec tunnel.
Local Subnet Netmask	Enter the local LAN netmask on the IPsec tunnel.
Local ID Type	Select the identifier type, and send it to remote peer. Default: None ID: use local subnet IP address as ID FQDN: fully qualified domain name, example: test.user.com User FQDN: fully qualified username string with email address format, example: test@user.com
Remote Subnet	Set the remote LAN subnet on the IPsec tunnel.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote LAN netmask on the IPsec tunnel.
Remote ID type	Select the identifier type that is the same as remote peer local ID. Default: None ID: use remote subnet IP address as ID

	FQDN: fully qualified domain name, example: test.user.com User FQDN: fully qualified username string with email address format, example: test@user.com
SA Encryption Algorithm	Select AES128, AES192 or AES256.
SA Authentication Algorithm	Select SHA1 or SHA2-256.
PFS Group	Select NULL, MODP768_1 , MODP1024_2 or MODP1536_5.
SA Lifetime	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400 s.
DPD Interval Time	Set DPD retry interval to send DPD requests. Range: 2-60 s
DPD Timeout	When using IKE V1, set DPD timeout to detect the remote side fails. Range: 10-3600s.

IKE Parameter

IKE Version

Negotiation Mode

Encryption Algorithm

Authentication Algorithm

DH Group

Local Authentication

XAUTH

Lifetime s

PSK List

Selector	PSK
This section contains no values now.	

Add

IPsec Advanced

Enable Compression

Margintime s

Expert Options

IKE Parameter	
Item	Description
IKE Version	Select the method of key exchange from IKEv1 and IKEv2.
Negotiation Mode	When using IKEv1, select Main or Aggressive.
Encryption Algorithm	Select DES, 3DES, AES128, AES192 or AES256.
Authentication Algorithm	Select MD5, SHA1 or SHA2-256.
DH Group	Select MODP768_1, MODP1024_2 or MODP1536_5.
Local Authentication	Select PSK or CA. PSK: use pre-shared key to complete the authentication. CA: use certificate to complete the authentication. After selecting, go to VPN > IPsec > Certifications page to import CA certificate, local certificate and private key to corresponding fields.
Remote Authentication	When using IKEv2, select PSK or CA. PSK: use pre-shared key to complete the authentication. CA: use certificate to complete the authentication.

XAUTH	When using IKEv1, define XAUTH username and password after XAUTH is enabled.
Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400 s.
XAUTH List	
Username	Define the username used for the client xauth authentication.
Password	Define the password used for the client xauth authentication.
PSK List	
Selector	Set the selector as IP address or local ID of IPsec client. If it is left blank, all clients can use this PSK to complete authentication.
PSK	Define the pre-shared key.
IPsec Advanced	
Enable Compression	The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled.
Margintime	Set advanced time before the lifetime expires to begin the re-negotiation.
Expert Options	User can enter some other initialization strings in this field to add extra settings and separate the strings with semicolon.

6.3.2.2 IPsec Client

UR75 supports running at most 3 IPsec clients at the same time.

Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
IPsec Gateway Address	<input type="text"/>
IPsec Mode	Tunnel <input type="button" value="v"/>
IPsec Protocol	ESP <input type="button" value="v"/>
Local Subnet	<input type="text"/>
Local Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
Local ID Type	Default <input type="button" value="v"/>
Remote Subnet	<input type="text"/>
Remote Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
Remote ID Type	Default <input type="button" value="v"/>
SA Encryption Algorithm	AES128 <input type="button" value="v"/>
SA Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 <input type="button" value="v"/>
PFS Group	NULL <input type="button" value="v"/>
SA Lifetime	3600 <input type="button" value="s"/>
DPD Time Interval	30 <input type="button" value="s"/>

IPsec Client	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable IPsec client mode. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.
IP Gateway Address	Enter the remote IPsec server address.
IPsec Mode	Select Tunnel or Transport.
IPsec Protocol	Select ESP or AH.
Local Subnet	Enter the local LAN subnet IP address on the IPsec tunnel.
Local Subnet Netmask	Enter the local LAN netmask on the IPsec tunnel.
Local ID Type	Select the identifier type to send to remote peer. Default: None ID: use local subnet IP address as ID FQDN: fully qualified domain name, example: test.user.com User FQDN: fully qualified username string with email address format, example:test@user.com
Remote Subnet	Set the remote LAN subnet that on the IPsec tunnel.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote LAN netmask on the IPsec tunnel.

Remote ID type	Select the identifier type that is the same as remote peer local ID. Default: None ID: use remote subnet IP address as ID FQDN: fully qualified domain name, example: test.user.com User FQDN: fully qualified username string with email address format, example: test@user.com
SA Encryption Algorithm	Select AES128, AES192 or AES256.
SA Authentication Algorithm	Select SHA1 or SHA2-256.
PFS Group	Select NULL, MODP768_1 , MODP1024_2 or MODP1536_5.
SA Lifetime	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400 s.
DPD Interval Time	Set DPD retry interval to send DPD requests. Range: 2-60 s
DPD Timeout	When using IKEv1, set DPD timeout to detect the remote side fails. Range: 10-3600 s.

IKE Parameter

IKE Version

Negotiation Mode

Encryption Algorithm

Authentication Algorithm

DH Group

Local Authentication

Local Secret Key

XAUTH

Lifetime s

IPsec Advanced

Enable Compression

Margintime s

Expert Options

IKE Parameter	
Item	Description
IKE Version	Select the method of key exchange of IKEv1 or IKEv2.
Negotiation Mode	When using IKEv1, select Main or Aggressive.
Encryption Algorithm	Select DES, 3DES, AES128, AES192 or AES256.
Authentication Algorithm	Select MD5, SHA1 or SHA2-256.

DH Group	Select MODP768_1, MODP1024_2 or MODP1536_5.
Local Authentication	Select PSK or CA. PSK: use pre-shared key to complete the authentication. CA: use certificate to complete the authentication. After selecting, go to VPN > IPsec > Certifications page to import CA certificate, local certificate and private key to corresponding fields.
Local Secret Key	Enter the pre-shared key which is defined on server side.
Remote Authentication	Select PSK or CA. PSK: use pre-shared key to complete the authentication. CA: use certificate to complete the authentication.
Remote Key	Enter the pre-shared key which is defined on server side.
XAUTH	When using IKEv1, define XAUTH username and password after XAUTH is enabled.
Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400 s.
IPsec Advanced	
Enable Compression	The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled.
Margintime	Set advanced time before the lifetime expires to begin the re-negotiation.
Expert Options	User can enter some other initialization strings in this field to add extra settings and separate the strings with semicolon.

6.3.2.3 Certificate




When using local authentication of IPsec server or client as CA, user can import/export necessary certificate and key files to this page.

IPsec Server			
CA Certificate	<input type="text"/>	Browse	Export Delete
Local Certificate	<input type="text"/>	Browse	Export Delete
Private key	<input type="text"/>	Browse	Export Delete

IPsec_1			
CA Certificate	<input type="text"/>	Browse	Export Delete
Local Certificate	<input type="text"/>	Browse	Export Delete
Remote Certificate	<input type="text"/>	Browse	Export Delete
Private key	<input type="text"/>	Browse	Export Delete

6.3.3 L2TP

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is an extension of the Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) used by an Internet service provider (ISP) to enable the operation of a virtual private network (VPN) over the Internet.

Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Server IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/> 
Authentication Type	Auto 
Global Traffic Forwarding	<input type="checkbox"/>
Remote Subnet	<input type="text"/>
Remote Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
Tunnel Key	<input type="password"/> 

Show Advanced Setting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Local Tunnel Ip Address	<input type="text"/>
Peer IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Enable MPPE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Address/Control Compression	<input type="checkbox"/>
Protocol Field Compression	<input type="checkbox"/>
Asyncmap Value	<input type="text" value="ffffff"/>
MRU	<input type="text" value="1440"/>
MTU	<input type="text" value="1440"/>
Link Detection Interval	<input type="text" value="60"/> s
Max Retries	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Expert Options	<input type="text"/>

L2TP	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable L2TP client.
Server IP Address	Enter remote L2TP server's IP address or domain name.
Username	Enter the username that L2TP server provides.
Password	Enter the password that L2TP server provides.
Authentication Type	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.
Global Traffic Forwarding	All the data traffic will be sent out via L2TP VPN tunnel when this function is enabled.
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet of L2TP VPN server.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask of L2TP VPN server.
Tunnel Key	Enter the password of L2TP tunnel.
Local Tunnel IP Address	Set tunnel IP address of L2TP client. Client will obtain tunnel IP address automatically from the server when it's null.
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of L2TP server.
Enable MPPE	Enable or disable MPPE(Microsoft Point to Point Encryption) .
Address/Control Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.
Protocol Field Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.
Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffff.
MRU	Set the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1500.

MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.
Link Detection Interval	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600.
Expert Options	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with semicolon.

6.3.4 PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is a protocol that uses a TCP control channel and a Generic Routing Encapsulation tunnel to encapsulate PPP packets.

Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Server IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
Authentication Type	MS-CHAP <input type="text"/>
Global Traffic Forwarding	<input type="checkbox"/>
Remote Subnet	<input type="text"/>
Remote Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
<hr/>	
Show Advanced Setting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Local Tunnel Ip Address	<input type="text"/>
Peer IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Enable MPPE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Address/Control Compression	<input type="checkbox"/>
Protocol Field Compression	<input type="checkbox"/>
Asyncmap Value	<input type="text" value="ffffff"/>
MRU	<input type="text" value="1440"/>
MTU	<input type="text" value="1440"/>
Link Detection Interval	<input type="text" value="60"/> s
Max Retries	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Expert Options	<input type="text"/>

PPTP	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable PPTP client.
Server IP Address	Enter remote PPTP server's IP address or domain name.
Username	Enter the username that PPTP server provides.
Password	Enter the password that PPTP server provides.
Authentication Type	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.
Global Traffic Forwarding	All the data traffic will be sent out via PPTP VPN tunnel when this function is enabled.
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet of PPTP VPN server.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask of PPTP VPN server.
Local Tunnel IP Address	Set tunnel IP address of PPTP client. Client will obtain tunnel IP address automatically from the server when it's null.
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of PPTP server.
Enable MPPE	Enable MPPE(Microsoft Point to Point Encryption) .
Address/Control Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.
Protocol Field Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffff.
MRU	Set the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1440.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1440.
Link Detection Interval	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600.
Max Retries	Set the maximum times of retrying to detect the PPTP connection failure. Range: 0-10.
Expert Options	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with semicolon.

6.4 Service

6.4.1 Serial Port

This section explains how to configure serial port parameters to achieve communication with serial terminals, and configure work mode to achieve communication with the remote data centers, so as to achieve two-way communication between serial terminals and remote data centers.

Enable

Serial Type

Baud Rate

Data Bits

Stop Bits

Parity

Software Flow Control

Serial Mode

Serial Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Enable or disable serial port function.	Disable
Serial Type	Serial Port 1 is a RS232 port and Serial Port 2 is a RS485 port.	--
Baud Rate	The range is 300-230400. Same with the baud rate of the connected terminal device.	9600
Data Bits	8 bits or 7 bits optional. Same with the data bits of the connected terminal device.	8
Stop Bits	1 bit or 2 bits optional. Same with the stop bits of the connected terminal device.	1
Parity	Options are None, Odd and Even. Same with the parity of the connected terminal device.	None
Software Flow Control	Enable or disable software flow control.	Disable
Serial Mode	Select work mode of the serial port. DTU Mode: In DTU mode, the serial port can establish communication with the remote server/client. GPS: In GPS mode, go to Service > GPS > GPS Serial Forwarding to configure basic parameters to send GPS data to serial port. Modbus Client: In Modbus Client mode, go to Service > Modbus Client to configure basic parameters and channels.	Disable

Serial Mode

DTU Protocol

Keepalive Interval s

Keepalive Retry Times

Reconnect Interval s

Specific Protocol

Packet Size Byte

Serial Frame Interval ms

Register String

Destination IP Address

Server Address	Server Port	Status
----------------	-------------	--------

This section contains no values now.

DTU Mode		
Item	Description	Default
DTU Protocol	<p>Select from below protocols:</p> <p>TCP Client: the router is used as TCP client and transmits data to TCP server transparently.</p> <p>UDP Client: the router is used as UDP client and transmits data to UDP server transparently.</p> <p>TCP server: the router is used as TCP server to wait for polling data.</p> <p>UDP server: the router is used as UDP server to wait for polling data.</p> <p>Modbus: the router will be used as Modbus gateway, which can achieve conversion between Modbus RTU and Modbus TCP.</p> <p>Node-RED: the router will forward the data to the Serial Input node when Node-RED is installed.</p>	--
TCP/UDP Server		
Local port	Set the local port of this TCP/UDP server. Range: 1-65535.	502
Keepalive Interval	After TCP connection is established, client will send heartbeat packet regularly by TCP to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600 s.	75
Max Retries	When TCP heartbeat times out, router will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the limitation of the preset retry times, TCP connection will be reestablished. The retry times range is 1-16.	9
Packet Size	Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size reaches the limitation. The size range is 1-1024 byte.	1024
Serial Frame Interval	<p>The interval that the router sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535 ms.</p> <p>Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial frame interval.</p>	100
TCP/UDP Client		

Keepalive Interval	After TCP client is connected with TCP server, the client will send heartbeat packet by TCP regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600 s.	75
Keepalive Retry Times	When TCP heartbeat times run out, the router will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the preset retry times, router will reconnect to TCP server. The range is 1-16.	9
Reconnect Interval	When connection failes, router will reconnect to the server at the preset interval. The range is 10-60 s.	10
Specific Protocol	With Specific Protocol, the router will be able to connect to the TCP2COM software.	Disable
Heartbeat Interval	With Specific Protocol, the router will send heartbeat packet to the server regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600s.	30
ID	Define unique ID of each router. No longer than 63 characters and do not contain space character.	--
Packet Size	Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size is reached. The range is 1-1024 byte.	1024
Serial Frame Interval	The interval that the router sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535 ms. Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial frame interval.	100
Register String	When setting UDP client, define register string for connection with the server.	Null
Server Address	Fill in the TCP or UDP server address (IP/domain name).	Null
Server Port	Fill in the TCP or UDP server port. Range: 1-65535.	Null
Status	Show the connection status between the router and the server.	--
Modbus		
Local Port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535.	502
Max TCP Clients	Specify the maximum number of TCP clients allowed to connect the r outer which act as a TCP server.	32
Connection Timeout	If the TCP server does not receive any data from the slave device with in the connection timeout period, the TCP connection will be broken.	60
Read Interval	Set the interval for reading remote channels. When a read cycle ends, the new read cycle begins until this interval expires. If it is set to 0, the device will restart the new read cycle after all channels have been read.	100
Response Timeout	Set the maximum response time that the router waits for the response to the command. If the device does not get a response after the maximum response time, it's determined that the command has run out of time.	3000
Max Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to read.	3
Node-RED		
Packet Size	Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size is reached. The range is 1-1024 byte.	1024

Serial Frame Interval	The interval that the router sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535 ms. Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial frame interval.	100
-----------------------	--	-----

Related Configuration Example

[DTU Application Example](#)

6.4.2 I/O

6.4.2.1 DI

This section explains how to configure monitoring condition on digital input, and take certain actions once the condition is reached.

Enable

Mode

Duration ms

Action

Phone Group

Alarm Content

0 / 255

DI	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DI.
Mode	Select the working mode of DI. High Level: when it detects high level, trigger the action. Low Level: when it detects low level, trigger the action. Counter: when it detects a pulse, the counter value will increase by 1.
Duration (ms)	When the mode is high/low level, set the continuous duration of high/low level. Range: 1-10000.
Trigger Condition	When mode is counter, select the counter trigger condition. Low->High: The counter value will increase by 1 if digital input's status changes from low level to high level.

	High->Low: The counter value will increase by 1 if digital input's status changes from high level to low level.
Trigger Counter	The system will take actions accordingly when the counter value reach the preset one, and then reset the counter value to 0. Range: 1-100.
Action	Select the corresponding actions that the system will take when digital input mode meets the preset condition or duration. DO: Control output status of DO. SMS: select phone group to send SMS alarms. Node-RED: send the DI status to Digital Input node when Node-RED is installed.

6.4.2.2 DO

This section describes how to configure digital output mode.

Enable

Mode

Initial Status

Duration of High Level *10 ms

Duration of Low Level *10 ms

The Number of Pulse

DO	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DO.
Mode	Select the working mode of DO. High Level: trigger the DO to send high level signal. Low Level: trigger the DO to send low level signal. Counter: trigger the DO to send pulses.
Initial Status	Select high level or low level as the initial status of the pulse.
Duration of High Level (*10ms)	Set the duration of pulse's high level. Range: 1-10000.
Duration of Low Level (*10ms)	Set the duration of pulse's low level. Range: 1-10000.
The Number of Pulse	Set the quantity of pulse. Range: 1-100.

6.4.3 Modbus Client (Master)

UR75 router can be set as Modbus RTU/TCP Client to poll the remote Modbus Server and send data to TCP server.

6.4.3.1 Modbus Client

You can configure Modbus Client's parameters on this page.

Enable

Read Interval s

Max Retries

Max Response Time ms

Execution Interval ms

Channel Name

Modbus Client		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Enable/disable Modbus master.	--
Read Interval	Set the interval for reading remote channels. When the read cycle ends, the commands which haven't been sent out will be discard, and the new read cycle begins. If it is set as 0, the device will restart the new read cycle after all channels have been read. Range: 0-600 s.	0
Max Retries	Set the maximum retry times when it fails to read, range: 0-5.	3
Max Response Time	Set the maximum response time that the router waits for the response to the command. If the device does not get a response after the maximum response time, it's determined that the command has run out of time. Range: 10-1000 ms.	500
Execution Interval	The execution interval between each command. Range: 10-1000 ms.	50
Channel Name	Select a readable channel form Service > Channel > Channel _Modbus .	--

6.4.3.2 Channel_Modbus

You can add the channels and configure alarm setting on this page, so as to connect the router to the remote Modbus Server to poll the address on this page and receive alarms from the router in different conditions.

Channel Setting

Name	Server ID	Register Address	Number	Command Type	Link Type	Remote Device IP	Port	Sign	Decimal Place
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Holding Register (I)	TCP	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Delete Add

Channel Setting	
Item	Description
Name	Set the name to identify the remote channel. It cannot be blank.
Server ID	Set Modbus server ID.
Register Address	The starting address for Modbus reading.
Number	The reading quantity from starting address.
Command Type	Read command data type, options are Coil, Discrete, Holding Register (INT16), Input Register (INT16), Holding Register (INT32) and Holding Register (Float).
Link Type	Select serial port or TCP connection. Serial Port: the router communicate with devices via Modbus RTU protocol. TCP: the router communicate with devices via Modbus TCP protocol.
Remote Device IP	When link is TCP, fill in the IP address of the remote Modbus TCP device.
Port	When link is TCP, fill in the port of the remote Modbus TCP device.
Sign	When command data type is holding register or input register, enable or disable to identify whether this channel is signed.
Decimal Place	When command data type is holding register or input register, indicate a dot in the read into the position of the channel. For example: read the channel value is 1234 and a Decimal Place is equal to 2, then the actual value is 12.34.

Alarm Setting

Name	Condition	Alarm
<i>This section contains no values now.</i>		

ADD

Add Alarm Setting

Name	-- Please Select --
Condition	GE(>)
Max. Threshold	<input type="text"/>
SMS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Phone Group	<input type="text"/>
Abnormal Content	<p>Note: \$YEAR/\$MON/\$DAY \$TIME, get ABERRANT data \$VALUE from address \$ADDRESS of channel \$NAME. (Abnormal scope is \$CONDITION)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">125 / 255</p>
Normal Content	<p>Note: \$YEAR/\$MON/\$DAY \$TIME, get NORMAL data \$VALUE from address \$ADDRESS of channel \$NAME. (Abnormal scope is \$CONDITION)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">123 / 255</p>
Continuous Alarm	<input type="checkbox"/>

Alarm Setting	
Item	Description
Name	Select the Modbus channel.
Condition	The condition that triggers alert.
Min. Threshold	Set the min. value to trigger the alert. When the actual value is less than this value, the alarm will be triggered.
Max. Threshold	Set the max. value to trigger the alert. When the actual value is more than this value, the alarm will be triggered.
SMS	Enable or disable SMS alarm when Modbus channel meets the condition.
Phone Group	Select the phone group to receive the alarm SMS. The phone group can be added on Service > Phone&SMS > Phone page .
Abnormal Content	When the actual value meets the preset condition, the router will automatically trigger the alarm and send the preset abnormal content to the specified phone group.
Normal Content	When the actual value is restored to the normal value from exceeding the threshold value, the router will automatically cancel the abnormal alarm and send the preset normal content to the specified phone group.
Continuous Alarm	Once enabled, the same alarm will be continuously reported. Otherwise, the same alarm will be reported only one time.

TCP Forwarding

Name	IP	Port	
All	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
<input type="button" value="Add"/>			

TCP Forwarding	
Item	Description
Name	The name of Modbus Client's channel.
IP	The IP address of the server to which the packets are forwarded .
Port	The port of the server's to which the packets are forwarded.

6.4.4 GPS

Users can enable GPS feature here. For more debug information, please also enable GPS log.

GPS GPS IP Forwarding GPS Serial Forwarding

Enable

Enable GPS Log

6.4.4.1 GPS IP Forwarding

GPS IP forwarding means that GPS data can be forwarded over the Internet.

Enable

Type

Protocol

GPS Keepalive Interval s

Keepalive Retry

Reconnect Interval s

Report Interval s

Stable Report Interval s

Stable Decision Threshold mi

Include RMC Message

Include GSA Message

Include GGA Message

Include GSV Message

Include VTG Message

Message Prefix

Message Suffix

Destination Address

Server Address	Server Port	Status	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	-	Delete
			Add

GPS IP Forwarding

Item	Description	Default
Enable	Forward the GPS data to the client or server.	Disable
Type	Select connection type of the router as Client or Server.	Client
Protocol	Select protocol of data transmission as TCP or UDP.	TCP
GPS Keepalive Interval	When it's connected with server/client, the device will send heartbeat packet regularly to the server/client to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600s.	75
Keepalive	When TCP heartbeat times run out, the router will resend heartbeat.	9

Retry	After it reaches the preset retry times, router will reconnect to TCP server. The range is 1-16.	
Local Port	Set the router listening port when using as a Server. Range: 1-65535.	
Reconnect Interval	When the connection fails, router will reconnect to the server at the preset interval. The range is 10-60 s.	10
Report Interval	The device will send GPS data to the server/client according to this interval if it reaches the stable decision threshold. The range is 1-65535 s.	30
Stable Report Interval	The device will send GPS data to the server/client according to this interval if it does not reach the stable decision threshold. The range is 1-65535 s.	120
Stable Decision Threshold	The GPS location deviation within this distance can be regarded as no change. The range is 1-65535 m.	25
Include RMC Message	RMC includes time, date, position, course and speed data.	Enable
Include GSA Message	GSA includes GPS receiver operating mode, satellites used in the position solution, and DOP values.	Enable
Include GGA Message	GGA includes time, position and fix type data.	Enable
Include GSV Message	GSV includes the number, elevation, azimuth of GPS satellites and SNR values.	Enable
Include VTG Message	VTG includes course and speed information relative to the ground.	Enable
Message Prefix	Add a prefix to the GPS data.	Null
Message Suffix	Add a suffix to the GPS data.	Null
Destination Address		
Server Address	Fill in the server address to receive GPS data (IP/domain name).	--
Server Port	Fill in the server port to receive GPS data. Range: 1-65535.	--
Status	Show the connection status between the router and the server.	--

6.4.4.2 GPS Serial Forwarding

GPS serial forwarding means that GPS data can be forwarded to the serial port.

Enable

Serial Type

Report Interval s

Include RMC Message

Include GSA Message

Include GGA Message

Include GSV Message

Include VTG Message

GPS Serial Forwarding		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Forward the GPS data to the preset serial port.	Disable
Serial Type	Select the serial port to receive GPS data. Ensure that the serial port is enabled on Industrial > Serial Port .	--
Report Interval	The device will forward the GPS data to the serial port according to this interval. The range is 1-65535s.	30
Include RMC Message	RMC includes time, date, position, course and speed data.	Enable
Include GSA Message	GSA includes GPS receiver operating mode, satellites used in the position solution, and DOP values.	Enable
Include GGA Message	GGA includes time, position and fix type data.	Enable
Include GSV Message	GSV includes the number, elevation, azimuth of GPS satellites and SNR values.	Enable
Include VTG Message	VTG includes course and speed information relative to the ground.	Enable

6.4.5 Phone&SMS

6.4.5.1 Phone

Phone settings involve in call/SMS trigger, SMS control and SMS alarm for events.

Phone Book

Phone Number	Description
<input type="text" value="+123456"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Delete"/>	
<input type="button" value="Add"/>	

Phone Group

Name	Description	Phone List
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="+123456"/>
<input type="button" value="Delete"/>		
<input type="button" value="Add"/>		

Item	Description
Phone Book	
Phone Number	Enter the telephone number. Digits, "+" and "-" are allowed.
Description	The description of the telephone number.
Phone Group List	
Group Name	Set name for phone group.
Description	The description of the phone group.
Phone List	Select the phone numbers to the list.

6.4.5.2 SMS

SMS settings involve in remote SMS control, sending SMS and SMS receiving and sending status.

General Setting

SMS Mode	<input type="text" value="PDU"/>
SMS Remote Control	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Authentication Type	<input type="text" value="Password + Phone Number"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Phone Group	<input type="text"/>

SMS	
Item	Description
SMS Mode	Select SMS mode: Text: Pure text mode, mainly used in Europe and America. Technically, it can also be used to send Short Messages in Chinese. PDU: It's the default encoding Mode for mobile phones, which conform to all mobile phones SMS format and can use any character.
SMS Remote Control	Enable/disable SMS Remote Control. Click here to check SMS control commands.
Authentication Type	Choose the authentication type to check whether the SMS is from valid controller.

	<p>Phone number: only the phone numbers on phone groups support remote control.</p> <p>Password + phone number: only the phone numbers on phone groups support remote control; besides, control SMS should be sent as format password+";"+command content.</p>
Password	Set password for authentication.
Phone Group	Select the Phone group which used for remote control.

SMS Sending

Recipient Phone Number

Content

Start Time End Time Sender

Sender	Time	Content
Total: 0		

< 1 > 10/Page Go To Page

SMS	
Item	Description
SMS Sending	
Recipient Phone Number	Enter the number to receive the SMS.
Content	SMS content.
Inbox/Outbox	
Search	Search for SMS record.
Clear All	Clear the SMS inbox/outbox records.

6.4.6 SNMP

SNMP is widely used in network management for network monitoring. SNMP exposes management data with variables form in managed system. The system is organized in a management information base (MIB) which describes the system status and configuration. These variables can be remotely queried by managing applications.

Configuring SNMP in networking, NMS, and a management program of SNMP should be set up at the Manager.

Configuration steps are listed as below for achieving query from NMS:

1. Enable SNMP setting.
2. Download MIB file and load it into NMS.
3. Configure MIB View.
4. Configure VCAM.

6.4.6.1 SNMP

UR75 supports SNMPv1, SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 version. SNMPv3 employs authentication encryption by username and password.

Enable

Port

SNMP Version

Location Information

Contact Information

SNMP Settings	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP function.
Port	Set SNMP listened port. Range: 1-65535. The default port is 161.
SNMP Version	It's fixed as SNMP v3.
Location Information	Fill in the location information.
Contact Information	Fill in the contact information.

6.4.6.2 MIB View

This section explains how to configure MIB view for the objects.

SNMP Settings **MIB view** VACM Trap Settings MIB Download

MIB view

View Name	View Filter	View OID	
<input type="text" value="All"/>	<input type="text" value="Include"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
<input type="text" value="System"/>	<input type="text" value="Include"/>	<input type="text" value="1.3.6.1.2.1.1"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

MIB View	
Item	Description
View Name	Set MIB view's name.
View Filter	Select from "Included" and "Excluded". Included: query all nodes within the specified MIB node. Excluded: query all nodes except for the specified MIB node.
View OID	Enter the OID number.
Add/Delete	Click to add or delete a MIB view.

6.4.6.3 VACM

This section describes how to configure VCAM parameters.

Community	Supported network	MIB View	Access Permission
private	0.0.0.0/0	System	rw

[Edit](#) [Delete](#) [Add](#)

VACM	
Item	Description
SNMP v1 & v2c Supported Network	
Community	Set the community name.
IP Address/Netmask	The external IP address range to access this MIB view.
MIB View	Select an MIB view to set permissions from the MIB view list.
Access Permission	Select from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write".
SNMP v3 User	
Username	Set the name of SNMPv3 user.
Security Level	Select from "None", "Auth/NoPriv", and "Auth/Priv".
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5" or "SHA" when Auth is selected.
Authentication Password	The password should be filled in.
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "AES" or "DES" when "Auth/Priv" is selected.
Encryption Password	The password should be filled in.
Read-Only View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-only" from the MIB view list.
Read-Write View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-write" from the MIB view list.
Notify View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Notify" from the MIB view list.

6.4.6.4 Trap

This section explains how to enable network monitoring by SNMP trap.

Enable

Community

Server Address

Port

SNMP Trap	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP Trap function.
Community	Select the community of SNMP v1/v2c.
User	Select the user of SNMPv3.
Server Address	Fill in NMS's IP address or domain name.
Port	Fill in UDP port. Port range is 1-65535.

6.4.6.5 MIB

This section describes how to download MIB files.

MIB File

Open_Router_MIB.txt

Download

6.5 App

6.5.1 Node-RED

Node-RED is a flow-based development tool for visual programming and wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services as part of the Internet of Things. Node-RED provides a web-browser-based flow editor, which can easily wire together flows using the wide range of nodes in the palette. For more guidance and documentation please refer to [Node-RED official website](#).

If the Node-RED is not installed, please download the Node-RED App from Milesight website and install it to the device.

Node-RED Installation

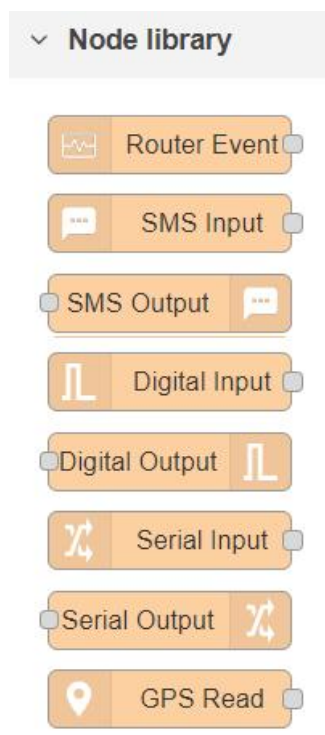
Browse

After installation, it will show below status.

Enable	<input type="checkbox"/>	Launch
Node-RED Version	3.0.2	
Node Library Version	1.0.1	
Upgrade Node Library	Browse	
All Flows	Export	
Restore to factory settings	Reset	
Uninstall	Uninstall	

Node-RED	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable the Node-RED.
Launch	Click to launch the web GUI of Node-RED. The login authority of Node RED web GUI is the same as the admin account of web GUI.
Node-RED Version	Show the version of the Node-RED.
Node Library Version	Show the version of the node library provided by Milesight.
Upgrade Node Library	Upgrade the node library by importing the library package.
All Flows Export	Export all flows as a JSON format file.
Restore to Factory Settings	Erase all flows data of Node-RED.
Uninstall	Uninstall the Node-RED App from this device.

Milesight provides a customized node library to use the interfaces of the router.



Node Library	
Node	Description
Router Event	Monitor alarm events of the device.
SMS Input	Receive SMS message. This only works when the cellular is connected.
SMS Output	Send an SMS message. This only works when the cellular is connected.
Digital Input	Receive DI status. This only works when DI is enabled and Action is Node-RED on Service > I/O > DI web GUI.
Digital Output	Trigger DO status. This only works when DO is enabled on Service > I/O > DO web GUI.
Serial Input	Receive serial port data. This only works when the serial port is enabled, Serial Mode is DTU and DTU protocol is Node-RED on Service > Serial Port > Serial Port web GUI.
Serial Output	Send command to the serial port. This only works when the serial port is enabled, Serial Mode is DTU and DTU protocol is Node-RED on Service > Serial Port > Serial Port web GUI.
GPS Read	Receive GPS data. This only works when GPS is enabled on Service > GPS > GPS web GUI.

6.6 System

This section describes how to configure general settings and debugs, such as administration account, system time, common user management, device management, download logs, etc.

6.6.1 System

General Setting | NTP Setting

Hostname: Router

Local Time: 2024/04/17 18:15:43

Timezone: Asia/Beijing

Time Synchronization: Manual


Set Time: 2024-04-22 20:34


System - General Setting	
Item	Description
Hostname	Define the device name, needs to start with a letter.
Local Time	Show the current system time.
Timezone	Click the drop-down list to select the time zone you are in.
Time Synchronization	Select the time synchronization mode. Sync Browser Time: Synchronize time with browser. Sync with NTP Server: Synchronize time with NTP Server. GPS Time Synchronization: Synchronize time with GPS per hour. Ensure that GPS is enabled on Industrial > GPS >GPS . Manual: configure the time manually.


General Setting | NTP Setting


Provide NTP server

NTP server candidates

pool.ntp.org 

cn.pool.ntp.org 

time.nist.gov 



System - NTP Setting	
Item	Description
Provide NTP server	Enable to provide NTP server for connected devices.
NTP server candidates	Enter NTP Server's IP address or domain name to synchronize time. It can add 5 servers at most.

6.6.2 Password

You can change the administrator password for accessing the device.

Username	<input type="text" value="admin"/>
Old Password	<input type="password"/>
New Password	<input type="password"/>
Confirmation	<input type="password"/>

Password	
Item	Description
Username	It's fixed as admin.
Old Password	Enter the old password to verify the authority.
New Password	Enter a new password.
Confirmation	Enter the new password again.

6.6.3 Device Management

6.6.3.1 Device Management

You can connect the device to the Milesight DeviceHub management platform on this page so as to manage the device centrally and remotely. For more details, please refer to [DeviceHub User Guide](#).

Status	Disconnected
Server Address	<input type="text"/>
Activation Method	By Account name ▼
Account name	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
<input type="button" value="Connect"/>	

Device Management	
Item	Description
Status	Show the connection status between the device and the DeviceHub.
Server Address	IP address or domain of the DeviceHub management server.
Activation Method	Select activation method to connect the device to the

	DeviceHub server, options are " By Authentication Code " and " By Account name ".
Authentication Code	Fill in the authentication code generated from the DeviceHub.
Account Name	Fill in the registered DeviceHub account (email) and password.
Password	
Connect/Disconnect	Click this button to connect/disconnect the device from the DeviceHub.

6.6.3.2 Cloud VPN

You can connect the device to the MilesightVPN on this page so as to manage the router and connected devices centrally and remotely. For more details please refer to [MilesightVPN User Guide](#).

Settings

Server

Port

Authentication Code

Device Name

Status

Status Disconnected

Local IP --

Remote IP --

Connection Time --

Cloud VPN	
Item	Description
Settings	
Server	Enter the IP address or domain name of MilesightVPN.
Port	Enter the HTTPS port number.
Authorization code	Enter the authorization code which generated by MilesightVPN.
Device Name	Enter the name of the device.
Status	
Status	Show the connection information about whether the router is connected to the MilesightVPN.

Local IP	Show the virtual IP of the router.
Remote IP	Show the virtual IP of the Milesight VPN server.
Connection Time	Show the information on how long has the router been connected to the Milesight VPN.

6.6.4 Backup / Upgrade

This section describes how to create a complete backup of the system configurations to a file, reset to factory defaults, restore the config file to the device and upgrade the flash image via the web. Generally, you don't need to do the firmware upgrade.

Note: any operation on web page is not allowed during firmware upgrade, otherwise the upgrade will be interrupted, or worse the device will break down.

Backup
Click "Generate Backup" to download a tar archive of the current configuration files.

Download backup

Restore
You can upload a previously generated backup archive here to restore configuration files. Click "Perform Reset" if you want to reset the firmware to its initial state.

Restore to factory settings

Restore Backup

Custom files (certificates, scripts) may remain on the system. To prevent this, perform a factory-reset first.

Flash new firmware image
Upload a image here to replace the running firmware.

Firmware Image

Backup/Upgrade	
Item	Description
Generate Backup	Click to download a tar archive of the current configuration file.
Perform Reset	Click to reset the device to factory default.
Upload Archive...	To restore configuration files, you can upload a previously generated backup archive here. Custom files (certificates, scripts) may remain on the system. To prevent this, you can perform a factory-reset first.
Flash Image...	Upload an image here to replace the running firmware.

Related Configuration Example

[Firmware Upgrade](#)

[Restore Factory Defaults](#)

6.6.5 Reboot

This page allows to reboot the device immediately or regularly.

Reboot

Reboot Now

Reboot the system on your device

Scheduled Reboot



Cycles

Every Day



Time



Reboot	
Item	Description
Reboot Now	Reboot the device immediately.
Schedule	
Enable	Click to enable reboot schedule.
Cycles	Reboot the device at a scheduled frequency.
Time	Select the time to execute the schedule.

6.6.6 Log

Users can download logs contains a record of informational, error and warning events that indicates how the system processes. By reviewing the data in the log, an administrator or user troubleshooting the system can identify the cause of a problem or whether the system processes are loading successfully. Remote log server is feasible, and the device will upload all system logs to remote log server such as Syslog Watcher.

General Setting

Advanced Setting

External System Log Server

0.0.0.0

External System Log Server Port

514

External System Log Server Protocol

UDP

Cron Log Level

Debug

AP Log

start

Start or Stop MD Log

stop

MD Log Save Mode

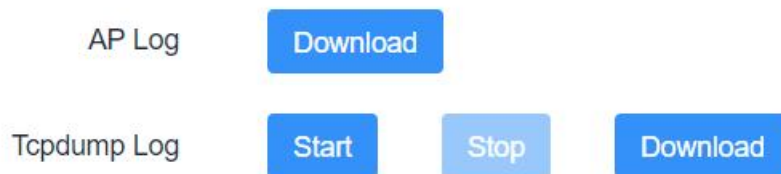
USB

MD Log Level

Debug

Log - General Settings

Item	Description
External system log server	Fill in the remote log server address (IP/domain name) which the router sends.
External system log server port	Fill in the remote log server port which the router sends.
External system log server protocol	Choose UDP or TCP from the drop-down list to transmit log file in corresponding protocol.
Cron Log Level	The severities to print the AP log: Normal, Warning, Debug.
AP Log	Select to start or stop recording system log.
Start or Stop MD Log	Select to start or stop recording cellular module log.
MD Log Save Mode	Select the save and output mode of MD log.
MD Log Level	The severities to print the MD log: Info, Notice, Warning, Error, Critical, Alert, Emergency, Debug.



Log- Advanced Settings	
Item	Description
AP log	
Download	Click to download the last AP log recorded.
Tcpdump log	
Start	Click to start recording tcpdump log.
Stop	Click to stop recording tcpdump log.
Download	Click to download the last tcpdump log recorded.

6.6.7 Debugger

6.6.7.1 Cellular Debugger

This tool allows to use AT commands to enter the AT command and press **Enter** to execute and check cellular debug information..

Cellular Debugger Firewall Debugger

Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular modem. Press "Enter" to execute.

Eg: AT+COPS?

AT+CSQ AT+ECELL AT+ERAT? AT+EPBSEH? AT+CREG? AT+COPS?

Edit

Clear

Besides, click **EDIT** to customize the common AT commands, then press the buttons on the top of black frame directly to execute common commands directly.

Edit AT Commands

AT Commands

AT+CSQ	Delete
AT+ECELL	Delete
AT+ERAT?	Delete
AT+EPBSEH?	Delete
AT+CREG?	Delete
AT+COPS?	Delete

Add

Save

Common command description:

AT+CSQ?----Get cellular network signal

AT+ECELL?----Get current cell information

AT+ERAT?----Get RAT status and network type

AT+EPBSEH? ----Get using bands

AT+CREG?----Get network registration status

AT+COPS?----Get operator and access technology info

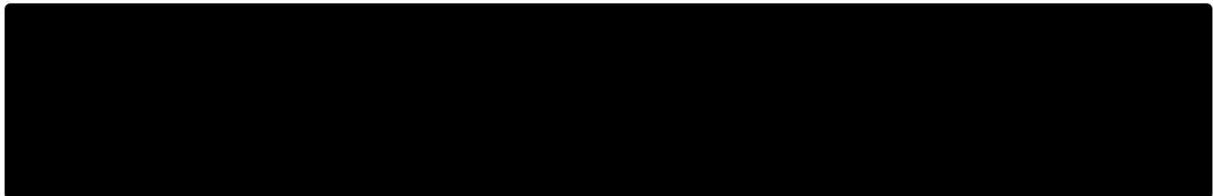
6.6.7.2 Firewall Debugger

This tool allows to use iptables commands to check firewall information and download results.

Cellular Debugger Firewall Debugger

Enter the command that you want to send to firewall module. Press "Enter" to execute.

Eg: -t nat -nvL INPUT



Clear

Download

[END]